THE DAILY GAZETTE:
PUBLISHED BY
KING, REED & CO.,
Corner Sixth Ave. and Smithfield St.
JOSIAH KING, H. P. REED,
T. P. HOUSTON, H. M. LONG.
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
By mail, per year.....$10.00

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEW YORK.

Corrupt Tammany.

ARREST OF ONE THIEF.

Great Excitement.

TWEED HIDES HIS PROPERTY.

The Voucher Robbers.

THE ROSENZWEIG TRIAL.

National Insurance Convention.

NEW YORK, October 27, 1871.

REPORT OF CITIZENS' COMMITTEE.

The committee of citizens appointed by the Board of Supervisors, who have been engaged many weeks in examining frauds in the city accounts, to-day submitted a report as to their labors, such as a summary of facts and figures. This report is, first, authentic information on the subject of what has been furnished. The amount charged as the cost of the new court house, still unfinished, county courts offices, their repairs, furniture, etc., is in all $13,416,932.29. The whole cost of the completed building could not fairly exceed $3,000,000. The increased sum is made up to $8,134,703.19, directly charged to the court house building and its furniture. $82,229.10 is charged to the county courts offices, nearly all of which are in the same buildings. For repairs and furniture, the following items are included. $641,900.49 was paid for $18,876.90 worth of carpets, $2,960,187.01 was paid for $268,557.50 worth of furniture, $914,330.65 was paid $78,752 worth of plumbing, $1,937,545.24 was paid for $70,050 worth of plastering. The sum of $7,168,212.23 was charged for advertising, printing, blank books and stationary, since the 1st of January, 1869. The whole account shows that twenty-four millions and a quarter were paid as expenditures for what really is worth but four millions and three-quarters, giving a loss to the city of nineteen millions and a half. This is the amount stolen and divided among the ring thieves since January, 1860. This report concludes the business of the Committee. The Committee assert that with in two years and eight months, one-half of the entire revenues of the city and county have been abstracted—much more than the entire city and county tax levy. The exhibit thus made creates a sensation among the honest tax-payers of the city.

A SAD CONDITION.

The Citizens' Committee, in addition to what is already stated, represent that the debt of the city is doubling itself every two years. The condition of the city finances is such as to destroy all confidence in the management of the present city officials. The credit of the city is depreciated under the present administration. They ask that economy be exercised in all departments. They state that in the main they accomplished the object of their appointment.

The reports of the sub-committees are voluminous. They give at great length statements of fraudulent accounts by parties implicated, fraudulent transactions and statements which have been furnished the public from time to time since the frauds were first discovered. They report that a large number of vouchers are missing. Others were found mutilated and fraudulently indorsed.

The special committee on pay rolls and salaries say they find a degree of waste and extravagance unprecedented.

The Sub Committee on Printing say the average prices paid for printing, &c., were fully fifty per cent. in excess of the work. During the years of 1869, 1870 and 1871 nearly two millions and three quarters were paid to eighty-nine papers. Their statement shows that there was paid nearly eleven times more in 1869 and 1870 than in 1859 and 1860, while for the county alone the increase has been nearly thirty-seven hundred per cent.

The committee find that over twenty-three millions are apparently due the corporation for assessments, taxes, &c., about much of which there is an uncertainty in the accounts, on account of the manner in which the books were kept.

A real estate agent told a *Tribune* reporter yesterday that Tweed's purchases were made at extravagant prices, that he paid fifty per cent. more than any man whose money was honestly earned.

The bill of complaint filed in the Tweed case is very lengthy. It refers almost exclusively to the evidence in Tilden's affidavit. It alleges a violation of the tax levy act of 1870, in auditing claims in violation of law.

The robbery of the vouchers in the Controller's office was referred to, and stated that the Mayor denounced the circumstance as implicating the Controller; that the Mayor was in collusion with Tweed, and ordered the suits to be commenced against Tweed and others. Judgments are asked against Tweed, Garvey, Woodward and Ingersoll in the sum of $6,812,000. The complaint is sworn to by S. J. Tilden. The testimony accompanying the bill embraces affidavits of Arthur E. Smith, bookkeeper of the Broadway Bank, and testifies as to his deposits, and S. Cady, who swears as to the vouchers, various other parties testifying as to deposits and accounts. John H. Keyser & Company, to warrants and forgeries of warrants, referred to, foot up for the years 1869 and 1870 nearly one million.

Richard O'Gorman's affidavit sets forth that he commenced on October 19th suit against the Mayor, Tweed and Connolly, by directions of the Mayor; that complaints in the case were in course of preparation. Since these directions from the Mayor he has not consulted with any of the defendants, except to inform the defendant (Hall) that proceedings had been begun. He also at the same time commenced a suit against Ingersoll and others, under the directions of the Mayor. Before aiding O'Connor in his duties he was anxious to know what kind of action was required.

THE TAMMANY THIEVES.

The *Times* of this morning says that Tweed has been busy for the past few days in hiding away all his personal real estate. His stocks have been nearly all sold or transferred, and all his houses and lots in this city are made over to his relations. Over $4,000,000 worth of his real estate were thus transfered within the past few days, and yesterday he made over to Richard M. Tweed, his son, real estate to the value of $975,000, including his Fifth avenue residence. A complaint was made against Tweed and others before Judge Leonard, who demands judgment for the people of over $6,000,000. Bail, in $1,000,000 each, was demanded. Ingersoll, Garvey and Woodward have fled, leaving Tweed alone to answer the complaints. There was considerable excitement in political circles last night, relative to Tweed's arrest, but no trouble is apprehended.

THE ALL-ABSORBING TOPIC.

The arrest of Tweed is talked about all over the city. The reformers begin to think that the work has been practically commenced to secure a change in the city government, and give justice its dues. The Tweed political organizations, which are very numerous, feel disappointed at to-day's action. There is much interest awakened as facts are developed. Further proceedings from day to day will be exciting, especially to the politicians of all parties. Tweed's bail, fixed at two millions, was promptly furnished. His bondsmen were carefully examined by the Sheriff. They are Jay Gould, President of the Erie Railway, who qualified for $1,000,000; Benjamin Fairchild, a Tammany auctioneer, qualifying for $300,000; Terrence Farley and Bernard Kelly, Tammany politicians, each qualifying for $300,000; Hugh J. Hastings, of the *Commercial Advertiser*, qualified for $100,000.

The sheriff states that he had orders to arrest Ingersoll, Woodward and Garvey, but that he had not served the papers, as he could not find the parties. In the action commenced against Tweed by Corporation Counsel O'Gorman, it is charged in the complaint that Tweed violated his official trust in the matter of the settlement of liabilities against the city, while the President of the Board of Supervisors is guilty of gross frauds upon the city by securing the payment of fraudulent and corrupt claims. The suit is brought in the name of the Board of Supervisors, and the complaint, which has annexed to it various papers containing fraudulent accounts, demands the recovery of the amount unjustly procured by Tweed. Tweed has been lately engaged in making assignments of his property to members of his family and other parties.

NOMINATIONS.

The Democratic reformers, in convention to-night, nominated William E. Curtis and John Sedgwick for Judges of the Superior Court. These nominations were made in harmony with the views of the Citizens' Committee of Seventy. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the Tammany corruptions, and expressing confidence in the leaders of the reform party—Horatio Seymour, Charles O'Connor, Samuel J. Tilden and Oswald Ottendorfer. A resolution was offered by Benjamin Woods, and adopted, endorsing the nominations of the Rochester convention.

The Council of Political Reform to-night nominated George B. Barrett for Judge of the Supreme Court, William C. Custer and Harper C. Vanvarst for Judges of the Superior Court, Franz Sigel for Register, and a full Senatorial, Assembly and city ticket. Among the State Senators nominated are O'Donovan-Rossa and Daniel Tienan. Among the Assemblymen, Wm. M. Evarts and Chas. O'Conor.

INSURANCE CONVENTION.

In the National Insurance Convention this morning, it was announced that the Convention would visit New Haven to-morrow.

It was voted to communicate the recommendations of the Convention to the Governors of the several States, with a request that they be laid before the State Legislatures.

The supplemental report from the committee on dividends, expenses and appointment of attorneys, recommending that no life insurance company divide its surplus, was tabled.

A committee was appointed to consider the best method of supervising companies insuring impaired lives.

The risk on the capital stock of companies was made a special order for this afternoon.

THE COUNTERFEITERS.

The arrest of the counterfeiters yesterday was the most important ever made in this country. Ballard is the only man outside of the Government employ who knows the secret of manufacturing Government fibre paper. The material captured includes a ten thousand dollar transfer press, and is believed to be the only one outside of the Treasury Department; full sets of steel and copper plates for one thousand, twenty, ten, and two dollar bills; also, full sets of plates for fractional currey, a stamp for the Treasury seal, a fac simile; the type for raising notes, and $45,000 in counterfeit money.

THE ROSENZWEIG CASE.

In the Rosenzweig trial this afternoon, the case for the defense was opened by the counsel for the prisoner saying he would clearly disprove the evidence for the prosecution. Mrs. Bawleby, other than the mother of the deceased girl, testified that the handkerchief found on the victim belonged to her daughter. The prisoner testified that he passed under the name of Ascher. The case will probably be closed to-morrow.

THE VOUCHER ROBBERS.

It is probable that the Grand Jury about to be discharged by Recorder Hackett will bring in indictments to-day against Hagerty and Baulch, now in prison, charged with burglariously entering the Comptroller's office and stealing important vouchers. The bills will be either for burglary or larceny.

MAYOR HALL'S CASE.

Ex Judge Barrett declares that District Attorney Garvin did not subpœna the proper persons to testify before the Grand Jury concerning Mayor Hall. The persons subpœnaed, were mainly ignorant of the facts, hence no bill was found. He also states that the prosecution against Hall is only suspended.

WHY SANDS RESIGNED.

The resignation of Nathaniel Sands from the Citizens' Association was at the request of Peter Cooper, who states that Sands made seventy-five thousand dollars as commissioner for selling the bonds of the city to Belmont and Rothchild. Sands' defence is that he received only one half of one per cent. commission.

REFORM NEEDED.

Mayor Kalbfleisch, responding to a communication asking whether he would be a candidate for Mayor of Brooklyn, says that reform in the affairs of the city are needed, and that the evils which have resulted from the ring dynasty in public matters may be seen in the city of New York.

MORE STEALING.

The sub committee appointed to examine the accounts are understood to have discovered evidence of thefts in the city accounts by the ring amounting to $19,500,000 upon work, embracing armories, drill rooms, court house, advertising, stationery, expenditures, etc.

NATIONAL BUREAU OF EMIGRATION.

The National Bureau of emigration has determined to appoint agents at all the principal migratory centres in this and other countries to labor for settlements on public lands, under the homestead and pre-emption laws.

MORE RELIEF.

Messrs. Oelricks & Co., of this city, received a telegram from the President of the Chamber of Commerce at Berlin directing them to pay 12,600 rix thalers, collected at Berlin, to the Chicago relief fund.

SUICIDE.

Bertha Smith, a young girl eleven years of age, committed suicide this morning, by swallowing Paris green. She said that the cause for the act was because her parents prevented her attending a party.

RELIEF FOR CHICAGO.

Messrs. Wendt & Rannelsburg have received orders from the Baltic Lloyd Mail Steamship Company of Stettin, to pay another thousand dollars to the Chicago relief fund.

AFTER THE THIEVES.

It is said that legal proceedings will be taken against Nathaniel Sands, demanding the restitution of the money appropriated by him in the negotiation of the city bonds.

A BLUNDER.

It appears that the reception committee of the Grand Duke committed, the blunder of sending no invitations to the representatives of foreign nations in this city.

DRY GOODS SEIZED.

Dry goods to the value of fifty thousand dollars in the store of J. L. Sutphen, at Newark, were seized yesterday, under a charge that an attempt was made to transfer the property to defraud his creditors.

TWEED DENOUNCED.

The *Herald* thinks it is certain that Tweed will not go to the Senate again. It asks that he be removed from the Commissionership of Public Parks.

ATTEMPT TO SHOOT.

Matthew O'Rourke was charged in court to-day with having attempted to shoot one Lawrence Morrissey, a messenger in the Comptroller's office.

THE ABORTIONIST.

In the Rosenzweig trial to-day, a witness, Mary Madigan, swore that the prisoner procured an abortion on her in December last.

YACHT RACE.

The yacht race came off to-day between the Dredknaught and Dauntless. The race excited little interest. Time: Dauntless, 4:14:20; Dredknaught, 4:36:30.

MONEY FOR LABORERS.

Tweed has advanced $200,000 to pay the men employed in the bureaus of lamps, gas, roads and avenues for September and October.

THE ROSENZWEIG TRIAL.

In the Rosenzweig trial to-day the prosecution closed with the addition of medical testimony.

IN CONSULTATION.

Tweed has been busy all evening consulting with his counsel, John Graham, and other legal gentlemen.

INSANE.

Judge Daly decided that Colah, a wealthy Parsee, be sent to Bombay as a lunatic.

ARRIVED.

The steamers China and France have arrived.

The steamer Hauson, from Bremen, has arrived.

SANTO DOMINGO.

A Curious Bit of Secret History--Samana Bay Offered to the United States For $5,000 a Year and Refused--Revival of an Old Project to Make Samana a Free Port.

[Correspondance N. Y. Tribune.]

JACMEL, Hayti, October 2.—This curious history was given to your correspondent by a trustworthy actor in it—Gen. V. of Santo Domingo—with full permission to make it public. It contains not only the pith of the Samana affair, but a key to the present views of European policy at Samana.

"I have been, as you know," said Gen. V., "in close official relations with all the Dominican Presidents except Baez, who have treated about Samana; and I have through them all been the warm friend of Cazneau, from to-day back to 1854, when he came out to get it for a naval station and commercial centre for the United States. We have trusted each other. The first arrangment was for a perpetual lease of a naval station at a merely nominal rent—which was not to exceed $5,000 a year—but all the world knows how France and England blustered at the idea of allowing the encroaching Yankees such a foothold in the West Indies. They brow-beat our President into a recoil, and" V. added with an indescribable accent of ironical contempt, "President Pierce retired from the Samana question with the prudence of a serpent and the meekness of the dove.

"This recoil of the American President left the Dominicans exposed to the wrath and exactions of France, Spain and England, and they made us suffer some bitter humiliations, but it did not destroy the American party.

"We told Cazneau, the U. S. Commissioner, that he had led us into a bad position by inducing our Government to believe that the American Cabinet would protect its own honor, since all that had been done by us was to frankly accept what the United States had proposed, and that for this alone we had been left to the displeasure of great powers who were the rivals of the United States, not of our one little State.

"Cazneau finally calmed and reunited us by proposing a measure which promised safe allies to Santo Domingo, without giving grounds of offense to the great European powers.

"It was reduced to three articles, and is still believed in and adhered to by most of those who in 1858 1859 submitted it semi-officially to our own and to other Governments. Two copies were taken from Cazneau's memorandum, in his own handwriting, of which I have one. The original, in Spanish, French and English, was afterward sent by Santana to Madrid, to hurry up the Ministry in their plan for extinguishing the Dominican Republic, and with it the Monroe Doctrine."

These are the articles constituting the Cazneau programme, at first opposed by France as well as Spain, but more lately favored (according to Gen. N.) by two much greater Powers:

"1. The Dominican Government agrees to declare Samana permanently a depot for free trade, and the commercial and municipal basis of St. Thomas, and will invite all nations to recognize its territory as neutral of war power, and will with them engage to respect and defend it as a free and equal *entrepot*, and alike open to the citizens of all the recognized powers for trade and domicile.

"2. The Dominican Republic, while maintaining its reserved rights of supreme sovereignty, and control, will concede, to the said commercial *entrepot* the amplest municipal independence, and will also grant to a duly constituted International Association the use in perpetuity of whatever public lands may not be found in the occupation of the Government or existing local authorities, and it also grants to the said proposed Association the right to lease or sublet to the individuals or incorporations of any of the recognizing powers, proper sites for coaling stations, trading factories, or other objects, not inconsistent with the spirit of this convention, and the full suzerainty of the Dominican Republic.

"3. For these rights of municipal freedom and exemption from the impost of government taxes, tariffs and assessments of every description, and for the commercial privileges of a true and recognized neutrality, the undersigned, William L. Cazneau, undertakes for, and will engage in behalf of, the inchoate International Association, to pay the duly authorized agent of the Dominican Government the sum of $40,000 annually, in perpetuity, or so long as the conditions of this convention shall be in force, to be paid in quarterly instalments at Samana, or at the city of Santo Domingo, according as it may be agreed upon between the contracting parties upon the delivery in form of the necessary documents."

From 1854 to 1857, the United States might have had a naval station at Samana for $10,000 a year. From 1857 to the close of 1859, the cession of a naval station, with a free port, was not open to the United States for less than $40,000. From the beginning of 1860 to the close of 1864, Spain ruled the Dominican territory, but when the natives had expelled the Spanish forces, the old bargain of Samana at $5,000 a year—joined with a friendly mediation with Spain—was offered to the United States. Secretary Seward, for some unknown reason, repulsed the Dominican Envoy, and rejected with equal disdain the alternatives of a United States naval station or a free port at Samana.

"Subsequently, however," continued Gen. V., "Mr. Seward appears to have taken a fresh view of the case, for he offered Denmark five millions for St. Thomas, and almost at the same time he proposed to us at Santo Domingo two millions for Samana."

The accession of Baez to power closed that chapter of negotiations, but the accession of President Grant revived it in a new shape; for Baez decided in favor of that annexation to the Union. Should he fall in that, the whole force of the ruling classes will unite, without regard to old differences, on the freeport and neutral territory policy, to which, says Gen. V., so many of us have adhered for years, and in which we are now certain we shall be sustained by the liberal encouragement of the three greatest of the European powers.

This statement was confirmed to me but a few days since by a gentleman who has held a cabinet position under Baez, and under one of the preceding Presidents; and he added these significant words:

"If our country (the Dominican Republic) can enter the Union as a State on the Texas precedent, I, and nine-tenths of the Dominicans, will render our allegiance with joy and gratitude; but we are not beggars. We shall bring with us, if accepted, an honorable quota of wealth and power, and these resources are the gifts of God and of God alone. Should the United States reject the Dominican State, the Washington government must allow the Dominican people to accept the aid and protection of Europe, even though it may take the shape of trade treaties unfavorable to the commercial income of the Union."

A PARIS paper says that a gentlemen purchasing a number of photographs purporting to be likenesses of some of the female Communists now in custody, was surprised to find among them the portrain of his mother-in-law. Having discovered the name of the photographer, the gentleman, accompanied by two police agents, called upon him and extracted from him an avowal that he had availed himself of the negatives of some of his former patrons less remarkable for personal attractions in order to form a collection of portraits representing the inmates of the Versailles prisons and the Brest hulks, the sale of which had been extremely large.

THE Chicago *Tribune* says: The smoke from the burning forests has been so dense for several days past on the lakes that vessels find it dangerous to move, and the steamers burn lights constantly by day as well as by night. On Tuesday the wind from the northeast brought the pillar of cloud over the city, and the streets and houses were filled with it. Outside the harbor were several vessels, the officers of which were afraid to attempt to enter the port, on account of the unnatural darkness, that made the sun seem to "turn to blood," as is promised shall be the case when the earth is destroyed by fire.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

FOREIGN.

The Russian Army.

REORGANIZATION ORDERED.

Chicago Relief Fund.

THE RECENT EXPLOSION.

The Revolution in Mexico.

GREAT BRITAIN.

CHICAGO RELIEF FUND.

LONDON, October 27.—Queen Victoria contributed $3,000 for the relief of the Chicago sufferers. The fund at the Mansion House last night amounted to $41,000. The Mayor of Bristol announces that he has received $1,600.

THE TURF.

Matters are all arranged for a match between an English horse and the American horse Harry Bassett for £10,000 a side, $2,000 to be allowed the owner of Harry Bassett to run the match in England. The distance is to be one mile and a half. The horses are to carry even weight.

THE MINE EXPLOSION.

Thirty men in the mine at Leahsm, where the explosion occurred, are known to be dead. The pit is on fire Another explosion is feared.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, October 27.—The steamships Helvetia, Harlonia and Aleppo have arrived out.

COUNT PALIKAO.

Count Palikao, the last Minister of State under the Empire, has published a pamphlet in justification of his conduct during the revolutionary crisis.

MARINE DISASTER.

LONDON, October 27.—A dispatch from Hong Kong reports the loss of the Roline Maria off Macao. Seven of the crew were drowned.

RUSSIA.

ARMY REORGANIZATION.

ST. PETERSBURG, October 26.—A general order of the War Office directs the entire reorganization of the Imperial army, and calling to arms the whole adult male population of the country. The order creates the numerical strength of the field and landwehr forces of the Empire to the total of one million one hundred thousand when required for war purposes. The sixty-six regiments of Cossacks are not included. The order creates also, further, the military force of the reserve, to be employed in the event of an invasion. The order is equivalent to the mobilization of the population of the entire nation, and makes every man in the country, capable of bearing arms, a soldier on a peace footing. The reinforcements ordered to the artillery will add the strength of one thousand guns to the batteries already in service.

MEXICO.

THE MONTEREY REVOLUTION.

MATAMORAS, October 25.—Saltila still holds out against the Monterey revolutionists. Escobedo, the commander-in-chief of the Juarezist troops, is marching in force against the rebels under Senora Morales and Hamaniz. The inhabitants of the smaller cities of Nuevo Leon have pronounced against General Trevino. Two thousand Mexican citizens have crossed into Texas in order to escape rebel proscription and rebel violence at home.

SWITZERLAND.

THE FRENCH DEBT.

BERNE, October 27.—It is announced that the French government owes the Swiss Confederation two millions and a half francs for the maintenance of Bourbaki's army in Switzerland.

PORTUGAL.

REVOLT THREATENED.

LISBON, October 27.—The government of the Portugese colony at Goa, on the west coast of India, has telegraphed to the government that a revolt is threatened, and asking assistance.

SPAIN.

DUKE MONTPENSIER.

MADRID, October 27.—Duke Montpensier announces that he will take his seat in the Spanish Congress as soon as his daughter's health permits.

FRANCE.

CHANGE OF BASE.

PARIS, October 27.—It is reported that the National Assembly of the government will return from Versailles to Paris before December.

GERMANY.

RATIFICATION APPROVED.

BERLIN, October 27.—The German Parliament adopted a resolution approving the ratification of the treaty with France.

AUSTRIA.

THE CHICAGO SUFFERERS.

PESTH, October 27.—All the journals appeal to the people for relief meetings for the Chicago sufferers.

DENMARK.

ICE IN THE BALTIC.

COPENHAGEN, October 27.—Ice has formed in the Baltic, and is threatening navigation.

ITALY.

INDISPOSED.

ROME, October 27.—Cardinal Antonelli is seriously indisposed.

UTAH.

Brigham Young's Case.

SALT LAKE, October 26.—The Mormons as well as Gentiles on the jury gave notice of a new trial, it is said, and it is admitted by prominent Mormons that Brigham Young has applied to Hon. Wm. M. Evarts for his services as counsel to defend him (Brigham) on the indictments of the present grand jury.

THE SITUATION.

This morning's papers are wild. The *News* says in the crusade against the Mormons the Government and the people are to be sincerely pitied. The *Herald* discusses the Mormon problems, and says it is a grave error to suppose that upon the conviction of prominent Mormons the Mormon people generally will disclaim polygamy, or that if the Government sent there troops enough they will give up their faith. This nor any other religious belief can be crushed out, says the *Herald*, by any government on the earth. The administration cannot, it urges, uproot Mormonism.

ALLEGED MURDERER ARRESTED.

John Meacham, a well-known Mormon, charged with the murder of Richard Yates some twelve years ago, was arrested by the United States Marshal at Round Valley yesterday, and brought to the city this afternoon.

BUSINESS DULL.

Business to-day is unusually dull. The weather is like Indian summer.

GEORGIA.

Left Without Notice.

ATLANTA, October 27.—Burns, the Superintendent of the Brunswick and Albany Railway, left without notice. Kimball is said to have sold out the interest of Lyons & McLinden, Blue Company, Hines & Hobbs, and others, for $150,000. Governor Bullock had signed and delivered himself bonds for five million dollars, which the Brunswick and Albany Railroad are entitled to when the railroad is completed. It is said that Governor Bullock did not report upon the condition of the road preliminary to the endorsement of the bonds.

THE CAPITAL.

Indian Affairs.

DEPOSIT FROM ALASKA.

Charred Money Received.

CHICAGO AID FROM CUBA.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27, 1871.

INDIANS STARVING.

Vincent Colyer, who returned here, represents the Apaches of Arizona and New Mexico to be in a starving condition, and eager to accept offers of peace. Coule, a chief of the Apaches, was so reduced by starvation that he could not speak for several hours. They complain against the whites taking possession of their country. Whenever they went to the government posts for food they were hunted by scouts and shot at. At Canada Alamasa, in New Mexico, the Indians were invited to come in, and came in manifesting friendly dispositions. Colyer pronounces untrue that depredations were committed at Camp Grant, or that he had interfered with the movements of General Crook. Cochez and twenty of his warriors came on the reservation at Canada Alamasa. The other Apache chiefs visit Washington during the winter.

THE WEATHER.

The low barometer in New York and New England will probably move eastward, followed by brisk and possibly high northwest winds on the east Atlantic. Fresh northwesterly winds with partially cloudy weather will continue on Lakes Erie and Ontario, and lighter winds on the upper lakes. Clear and pleasant weather will continue in the Middle, Southern and Gulf States, with light and fresh winds and cloudy weather and local rain in Southern Florida. Dangerous winds are not anticipated for Saturday.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

The Secretary of the Interior has received from the Superintendent of the Census Bureau, who is investigating the affairs of the Sioux Indians, a telegram dated North Platte, stating that he has had a satisfactory conference with Spotted Tail. He recommends a temporary trading post at Red Willow, forty miles south of McPherson.

CHARRED MONEY.

The Treasurer has received charred money from Chicago amounting to eighty-five thousand dollars, including thirty-five thousand returned by the Adams Express Company, ten thousand United States bonds, and nineteen thousand gold certificates.

AID FOR CHICAGO.

The Secretary of State has received a dispatch from Havana announcing the contribution of ten thousand dollars for the sufferers by this fire in Chicago. The amount was sent by cable to Simon De Vissor, New York.

LAND OFFICE CHANGE.

The President has suspended Watson Stewart, Register, and David B. Emmett, Receiver of the land office at Humboldt, Kansas, and designated P. B. Mason as Register, and Jasper Wood as Receiver at that place.

A DEPOSIT FROM ALASKA.

A deposit of sixty-seven dollars and eighty-six cents has been received from Sitka, Alaska, on account of post-office deposits.

PAYING INTEREST.

The Treasurer will to-night mail to the stockholders new five per cent. loan checks for interest due on the 1st proximo.

RESPECT TO HON. THOMAS EWING.

The public departments will be closed to-morrow as a mark of respect to the late Hon. Thomas Ewing.

PERSONAL.

James M. Cavanaugh has arrived here on business connected with Indian affairs in Montana.

CINNCINNATI.

Death of General Robert Anderson.

CINCINNATI, October 27.—Private dispatches received here to-day report that General Robert Anderson died at Nice, France, last evening. He had gone from Vevay to Nice three weeks ago, hoping to receive benefit from the change. His family was with him. His remains will be brought by the United States vessel Guerriere to this country for interment. It is known here that the recent reports concerning his alleged impecuniosity are entirely without foundation, inasmuch as he received full pay as Brigadier General, and had a handsome income besides.

RAILWAY PROPOSITION.

C. P. Huntingdon, President of the Chesspeake and Ohio Railroad, has submitted a definite proposition to the company to build a railroad from the mouth of Symmes creek, opposite Huntingdon, West Va., to Dayton, Ohio, on condition that the company be furnished the right of way, unquestionable subscriptions amounting to eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the old work on the line.

THE DEATH OF THOMAS EWING, SR.

A meeting of the members of the Ohio bar, particularly of the southern district, will be held here next Tuesday morning, to take action relative to the death of Hon. Thomas Ewing, Sr.

CALIFORNIA.

The Los Angeles Riot.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 27.—The latest details of the Los Angeles horror are worse than the first. The mob appears to have been actuated solely by animosity of the race and the desire for plunder, a witness before the coroner's jury giving testimony with apparent reluctance, under fear of retaliation. The testimony implicates an Irishman as having boasted to have assisted in killing Chinese. The Chinaman who shot officer Beldergen was arrested and turned over to the authorities by the Chinese themselves, and is now in jail. Several rioters have been arrested. From fourteen to thirty thousand dollars in money and all the valuables belonging to the Chinese were carried off by the mob. Even those arrested were robbed on their way to jail.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

The accident on the Central Pacific Railroad yesterday did not result in any deaths, and none of the passengers were injured. They were residents of the east.

INDIANA.

The Hanging of Brooks.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 27.—Jerome Brooks, the murderer of Slater, at Logansport last April, was hung at Delphi today. He manifested the same stolid and careless indifference up to the last moment that he has shown from the time of his arrest. On the scaffold he asked and was granted leave to place the noose around his neck. A large number of persons were in town, but no disturbance occurred.

CHICAGO RELIEF FUND.

The employes of the Indianapolis and St. Louis Railroad Company have contributed twenty-five hundred dollars to the Chicago relief fund.

SCRANTON.

The Coal Trade.

SCRANTON, PA., October 27.—Notwithstanding the extremely low prices obtained at the recent sales in New York, the coal men in this region expect to continue work, and no trouble is apprehended. The *Miner's Journal* suggests the stoppage of work for a few days, to unload the cars and boats now waiting at the ports, to save the trade from utter prostration for the rest of the season.

An Insane Man's Joke.

PHILADELPHIA, October 27.—An insane man was brought to the hospital to-day, and represented on his arrival that the officer who had him in charge was insane, and that he took him and placed him under the care of officials. The officer was accordingly locked up as insane for several hours. The insane man escaped.

CHICAGO.

The City Treasurer's Safe.

CHICAGO, October 27.—The City Treasurer's safe was opened yesterday. The contents, consisting of books and papers, were burning. The fire was extinguished, but it left a charred and almost indistinguishable mass.

ATTEMPTED INCENDIARISM.

An attempt was made by some person to fire the Episcopal Cathedral, on the corner of Peoria and Washington streets, yesterday afternoon. A man was seen to come out of the church, and soon after smoke was seen to come out of the church from the window. The fire was put out before any serious damage occurred.

RETRENCHING

The Committee on Finance in the Board of Aldermen last night offered a resolution, which lays over, that the different departments are hereby ordered to reduce the salaries of all employes twenty per cent. for the balance of the fiscal year, and that all persons who refuse to submit to the reduction be discharged, and that all salaried officers who will not consent to the reduction be requested to resign. A resolution was also adopted in relation to the assumption of the county war debt by Congress.

POLITICAL.

The following is the Union ticket for the city and county officers agreed upon by Republican and Democratic committees. The ticket is unanimously recognized as a most excellent one: Mayor, Joseph Medill; City Treasurer, David A. Gage; County Treasurer, Julian S. Rumsey; Superior Court Judge, John A. Jameson; Circuit Court Judge, Samuel W. Fuller; State Senator, Artemus Carter; City Attorney, J. N. Styles; City Collector, Geo. Van Haller; Police Commissioner, Jacob Rhom; Surveyor, Alexander Woolcott; Board of County Commissioners, Julius White, James Palmer, Jno. Crawford, C. H. Hitchcock, D. C. J. Kelly, M. C. Stearns, Jno. Jones, Christian Wahle, Manuel Jalcott, Joseph Harris, C. H. Harris, Thomas Lanegan, Samuel Ashton and Joseph Rulle.

EXTORTION.

The dealers in lumber and brick are demanding extortionate prices for their products. Under this condition of affairs Milwaukee has sent a number of cargoes of lumber, which will be sold at fair prices. Brickmakers from other parts of the country, even as far off as Philadelphia, are seeking orders. The prices will have to come down.

THE SHIPPING INTEREST.

Harbor Master Steele reports that there were more vessels in this harbor on Monday and Tuesday last, than during any other forty-eight hours in the history of Chicago.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, October 27.—River three feet ten inches; stationary. Clear and cool.

LITTLE ROCK, October 27.—Clear and pleasant. River rose 10 inches. Departed—Celeste, Memphis.

NEW ORLEANS, October 27.—Arrived—Belfast, and Colossal, St. Louis. Departed—Lucy Bertram, St. Lauis.

LOUISVILLE, October 27.—River slowly falling; two feet four inches at head of canal. Clear and warm. The Mary Miller leaves for New Orleans direct to-morrow.

CINCINNATI, October 27.—Down—H. S. Turner, 10 last night. Boats down to day—Lady Lee, 1 P. M.; R. E. Lee, 6 P. M. Up—Susie Silver, 9 p. m., and Glencoe, 10 last night. Up to-day—City of Alton, 7 P. M. Warm and clear. River falling.

MEMPHIS, October 27.—Clear and pleasant. River rising; has risen six inches. Business brisk. Departed—John Kyle, Mollie Moore, Mollie Ebert, Esperanza, Rob Roy and James Howard, New Orleans; City of Quincy, Belle Pike, Andy Johnson and Shreve, St. Louis.

EVANSVILLE, October 27.—Cloudy since noon; cool and pleasant. River rising slowly. Port list: Up—James E. Rankin, from Metropolis, 7; Fanny Brandeis, 7 A. M.; Fayette, S. Down—Ruby, 10:30; Ella Hughes, 11; Eddyville, 3 P. M.—all with fair to full trips. The J. E. Rankin is a new boat, just finished at Metropolis.

CAIRO, October 27.—Arrived—Arkansas river to St. Louis, 11 P. M.; Silver Bow, Vicksburg to St. Louis, 1 A. M.; Mary Forsyth, Cairo to New Orleans, 8; Burksville, Evansville packet, 1 P. M.; Mohawk, Cairo to New Orleans, 5; Octavia, Cairo to St. Louis, 5; Emilie Labarge, St. Louis to Memphis, 6. River falling slowly. Thermometer 62 degrees.

ST. LOUIS, October 27.—Arrived—Alice, Memphis; Henry Ames, New Orleans; Nile, Missouri river; Bayard, Keokuk; Lady Pike, Upper Mississippi; Bertha, Illinois river; Glasgow, Vicksburg; St. Luke, Memphis. Departed—Messenger, Hannibal; St. Luke, Memphis; Lady Pike and Bayard, Upper Mississippi; W. J. Lewis, Vicksburg. River rising slowly. Weather clear and pleasant.

SEDALIA, MO.

Kansas Editorial Excursion.

SEDALIA, October 27.—The Kansas editorial party arrived here at two P. M. from Fort Gibson, Indian Territory, and were banqueted at the Ives House, after which they were driven about the city. In the evening the guests enjoyed a dance at Smith's Hall, and left on the 9:30 train on the Mississippi and Pacific Railroad for St. Louis. Resolutions were adopted returning thanks to the various railroad companies and citizens of the different cities and towns at which the party were entertained. The following was also adopted:

Resolved, That we are earnestly in favor of the earliest possible opening of the Indian Territory, consistent with a just regard to the rights of its present occupants and manifest destiny of the pale face.

BOSTON.

Missing Vessels.

BOSTON, October 27.—The fishing schooner River Queen, of Gloucester, given up by her owners as lost, had a crew of twelve persons. The Fitze Riggs, Jr., which has been absent on the Georgias Banks for about four weeks, has not been seen since the gale on the 12th inst.

THE LICHAN MURDER.

There is yet no clue to the murderer of Katie Lichan. Mahony, Howe and Leonard proved themselves innocent before the coroner's jury to-day.

COLUMBUS.

The Elections.

COLUMBUS, October 27.—The official returns of the late election from all the counties in Ohio were received by the Secretary of State to-day. Noyes, Republican, for Governor, has 238,273 votes; McCook, Democrat, 218,105 votes; Stewart, prohibition, 4,084 votes. Noyes' majority over McCook, 20,186. The total vote is 450,462. The Republican vote is 16,564 larger than last year; the Democratic 13,990 larger, and the prohibition 12,021 larger.

ARKANSAS.

Officials Removed.

LITTLE ROCK, October 27.—The removal of J. T. Hodges, postmaster here, and Jos. Brooks, of this district, by the President, at the instigation of Senator Clayton, causes a profound sensation. They are the two leading opponents of the Senator in the Republican party in this State. The Clayton men here are much rejoiced, and think it will have the effect of insuring their success in the city election, where their chances were very slim before.

CHARLESTON.

A Reign of Terror.

CHARLESTON, October 27.—Advices from the upper portion of the State report increasing terror on account of the numerous arrests under the President's proclamation. The Yorkville *Enquirer* thinks the wholesale arrests have a very depressing influence on business generally. The Grand Jury of Chester county, composed of six whites and six negroes, find that the allegations in the President's proclamation are without foundation.

—A dispatch from Garnet, Kansas, says that the jury in the Dr. Medlicott murder case returned a verdict of murder in the first degree. A motion for a new trial will be argued November 21st. Medlicott professed to be confident of eventual liberation.

BALTIMORE.

The Episcopal Convention.

BALTIMORE, October 27.—In the Episcopal Convention last night, after the usual vote of thanks to the officers, messages were exchanged between the two houses notifying of no further business, when President Craig delivered the valedictory address, and after appropriate ceremonies declared the Convention adjourned *sine die*. The entire proceedings have been marked with the greatest courtesy and harmony.

ARRIVED.

The steamship Australia, of the Allan Line, from Liverpool, arrived at the European Steamship pier, Locust Point, Baltimore, this day at half past eight o'clock A. M., with a cargo of assorted merchandise for Baltimore and the West. She brings four cabin passengers, also thirty-four emigrants. The emigrants leave for the West by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at five minutes to five this evening.

TEXAS.

The Election.

GALVESTON, October 27.—The Third District returns from the different counties give Gedding 4,411 majority. The count at Austin, by throwing out Limestone and Freestone counties, which gives a Democratic majority of 639, leaves Clark's majority 947. A special to the New Orleans *Bulletin* says Clark has secured the

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

SATURDAY, OCT. 28, 1871.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

CITY.

MAYOR—B. W. MORGAN.
TREASURER—C. L. MAGEE.
CONTROLLER—R. J. McGOWAN.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 111@112

THE LONDON *Post*, which is regarded as the official organ of the Queen's household, denies the report that a regency is contemplated in England

A DISPATCH from Salt Lake City states that the report that a petition fifty feet long, from the women of Utah, against polygamy, had been received at Washington, is news there. We are sorry to learn that the report that such a petition had been received is untrue.

WE direct especial attention to the advertisement for proposals to carry the United States mails, emanating from Hon. A. J. Cresswell, Postmaster General. Particular study should be made of the instructions appended by those who contemplate making bids for any part of the service.

TWEED, HALL, AND CONNOLLY made more money during the past several years by filching from the public crib than any hundred of our manufacturers cleared in their business by hard work during the same period. The Democrats of New York find that office holding pays admirably well.

THE Protestant Episcopal House of Bishops has decided that the word "regenerate" does not signify that a "change of heart has been announced through the ordinance of baptism." Mr. Cheney can now use the word, as it has been decided by the powers that be, that it is meaningless, so far as its presence in the ritual is concerned.

TWEED, the Tammany culprit, has at last been arrested and held to answer for his stealings from the tax-payers, in bonds for trial, to the amount of one million dollars. Although maintaining a quiet tongue since the exposure of his rascality, it is now probable that the people will learn from the investigation, to follow the difference between Tweedle dumb and Tweedle dee.

THE NEWS is confirmed that the Brazilian Parliament, by a vote of 44 to 33, has finally adopted the bill providing for the emancipation of all slaves. The Benedictine Order, it is also announced, has promptly emancipated all its slaves, sixteen hundred in number. The human race has cause for rejoicing over this news. The Brazilian Government will take immediate steps for enforcing the law.

GARRETT DAVIS made a neat little speech to the people of Louisville, in the Court House of that city, on Wednesday night. It was just about long enough to comfortably fill, say *ten* columns of the GAZETTE, if set up in small type. The only very remarkable thing about the speech was that he nominated Millard Fillmore for the Presidency, when everybody thought it would be some other dead man.

HAD the prediction been made a month ago to the then proud, boastful and prosperous Chicago, that her inferior neighbor Cincinnati would be feeding her people at a public soup house on her own streets, the prophet would have been deemed a fit subject for an insane asylum. And yet such is the truth. Cincinnati in a spirit of commendable charity has maintained at her own cost in the heart of the destroyed city such an institution and daily feeds thousands of hungry people. Verily, the ways of Providence are strange.

IN THE death of Senator Connell the State has lost a public servant in whom the confidence and respect of the entire people were centered. He was a man of strict integrity, honorable and straightforward, devoted to principle, earnest in advocating the rights and privileges of the oppressed, and consistent and fair in all things. The great Republican party loses in his death an efficient worker, who, notwithstanding his painful bodily affliction during the later years of his life, materially aided in its progress and helped on its triumphs. The people of the Commonwealth whom he so long faithfully served will join in mourning over his death, and unite in one voice, proclaiming the proudest epitaph a world can award the departed—he died an honest man.

WHAT does the military movement in Russia mean? Surely the great trouble and vast expense incurred in placing all her able bodied citizens on a war footing mean more than to simply discover what the nation might do in case of war with any of the powers. There can be no doubt but Russia is painfully aware of the advanced position as a warlike and mighty people that the Germans have assumed, and it is reasonable to suppose is fearful that she may be the next called upon to accept the gauge of battle to satisfy the ambitious spirit of the conquest which fills the head and heart of her neighbor, and hence the wholesale martializing of her people. Look in whatever direction we may over Europe and we cannot fail to see the hovering war cloud that is liable to burst at any moment and shower down upon the people the miseries and honors of battle.

WILLIAM SCOTT was romantic and he loved Miss Horn to distraction. Unable to conceal his feelings he revealed them to the object of his affections, who tenderly reciprocated. They both lived in Lawrence, Massachusetts, and their union and the realization of their fondest hopes were opposed. Brought to the verge of insanity by the obstacles which he found impeded the course of true love, William suggested to the darling of his heart that they should both take poison and together leave this sad and hollow world. The suggestion pleased Miss Horn so that the pair procured some poison, and, hand-in-hand, wended their weary ways towards a public park one dark and gloomy night. There they talked of love and tenderness, of the sorrows of this world and the vanity of life. Miss Horn then swallowed her dose, and it is supposed her sufferings were so intense that William forgot, in his agony as a witness, to take his own. She died, and he roamed the earth alone for a brief space and then—he was arrested charged with manslaughter, convicted and condemned to hard labor in the penitentiary for three years. William ought to be cured of his romance by this time, we should think.

AT THIS writing there has been nothing heard from the fleet that left Falmouth on the 26th ultimo, bearing the Russian Prince and *suite*. The delay is causing many to think that some accident, possibly a disaster, has befallen the princely visitors. The Emperor of Russia is evidently anxious concerning the safety of his son, and he has sent several messages inquiring whether the fleet has been heard from. This disproves the statement made some days ago, that the Russian Admiral did not expect to reach America until to-day. For over a week now, the reception committee, and the reporters have been daily on the *qui vive*, and each morning during that time we have expected to read of the arrival of the Grand-duke at New York. We take the following from the *Press*, in reference to the ceremonies at the reception of Alexis.

All the arrangements are complete, but each day adds some new feature worthy of notice. As the Executive Committee of private citizens and the naval authorities are acting in harmony, the ceremonies on the arrival of the distinguished visitor cannot fail to be grand, imposing, and complete. On the arrival of the Russian fleet in the lower bay Admiral Rowan will order an Admiral's salute to be fired. The vessels will be detained in the bay until the next day, and will then be escorted by the yacht fleet and hundreds of steamers and craft of all kinds to the upper bay, and will anchor off the Battery. The Grand Duke will then be taken on board the steamer of the Reception Committee, a national salute will be fired, and the yards of the four American frigates will be manned in honor of the son of the Czar. The programme after the landing at Pier No. 1, North river, has already been fully detailed, and it is sufficient that every effort is being made to make the procession up Broadway a triumphal one.

Let us all pray that no disaster has befallen our visitors.

HON. THOMAS EWING.

This venerable statesman is dead. He was one of the last remnants of a generation of giants, a cotemporary of Clay, Webster, Calhoun, Haynes, Corwin, and those others who helped to form that brilliant assemblage, whose fame still lingers, like the odor of musk around the Senate Chamber of the United States. Mr. Ewing was born on the 28th of December, 1789, and was married in 1820 to Miss Maria Boyle, of Lancaster, O., with whom he lived until 1864, when she died. He was a man of more ability than success. He very nearly received the nomination for the Vice Presidency which Millard Fillmore got, and twice he was defeated by a single vote, when a candidate for Senator of the United States. He first entered the United States Senate in 1830, and was afterwards chosen by President Harrison to fill the post of Secretary of the Treasury. General Taylor appointed him to the Secretaryship of the Interior, after resigning which office he was once again chosen a member of the Senate, and then closed his congressional career. His death bed was surrounded by his distinguished children, Hon. Thomas Ewing, Jr., General Charles Ewing, General Hugh Ewing, Judge Philemon Ewing, Mrs. General Sherman and Mrs. Colonel Steele.

THE STATE SENATE—EFFECT OF Mr. CONNELL'S DEATH.

Much unnecessary alarm has been shown as to the probable result of Mr. Connell's death, in the organization of the State Senate, some of our friends rushing to the conclusion that the Democrats will thereby be able to organize that body.

The Senate consists of 33 members. Of this number 17 is a quorum: and the Senate cannot be organized with *less* than 17 Senators present. The Democrats have 16 members, only, of the 33—less than a quorum. They cannot, therefore, organize the Senate themselves. That much is clear. The Republicans also have 16, including Mr. Weakley, and not counting Mr. Connell We are, therefore, as strong as they, and *neither* party can organize the Senate without the connivance or assistance of the other. Things, consequently, must remain at a dead lock until the vacancy occasioned by Mr. Connell's death is filled.

But, it is urged, the Democrats may refuse to recognize Mr. Weakley's right to a seat, and so exclude him, and organize the Senate by 16 to 15. There are, however, two parties to be consulted before that can be accomplished. *Our* 16 votes are as powerful as *their's*. The Senate cannot be organized without a *quorum*; and no *quorum* can be had unless the 16 Republican Senators attend. Of course, we take it for granted that our 16 Senators will stand together as a unit, and that each will refuse to do anything or consent to any act that does not recognize the equal rights of every other Republican Senator. This being understood, the Republican Senators can prevent a quorum unless Mr. Weakley's rights are recognized; and *his* rights being recognized, the Senate remains a tie.

Of course, the Senate in this event, must remain at a dead-lock until Mr. Connell's successor is elected, just as it did in 1862 in the case of Harry White.

With regard to vacancies, Section 29 of Article 1 of the Constitution provides, "When vacancies happen in either House the Speaker shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies." Section 149 of the general election law provides that "if such vacancy shall happen during the session of the Legislature, * * * the Speaker issuing the writ shall appoint a time as early as may be convenient, not exceeding thirty days thereafter, for holding such election." As Mr. Connell's last term expired with last session, his election to the next Senate cannot be made known until the Senate meets; the vacancy, therefore, must be considered as happening "during the session," the Speaker of the Senate having no official knowledge of the election, and consequently of the vacancy, until the meeting of the Senate. He has, when this order reaches him, no alternative but to issue his writ, to take effect not *more* than thirty days thereafter. And this, we take it, is a duty which, he being in this instance but a ministerial officer, can be compelled to perform, by mandamus or otherwise.

Mr. Connell's district gave him 7,400 majority at the late election. Every ward in it, but one, is Republican. It may safely be inferred, therefore, that it will elect a Republican to succeed him, even if the Speaker of the Senate should overstep the law, and order an election *before* the meeting of the Senate.

The Speaker of the Senate, (Mr. Brodhead, Democrat,) elected at the close of last session, of course holds over until a new Speaker is chosen. But he simply holds over. He has no power, such as a Speaker has, chosen at the opening of a session, and no business can be transacted until a new Speaker is chosen. The other officers of the Senate, however, do *not* hold over. The act of 1868 directs what officers of the preceding session shall return at the opening of the new session, and that these shall remain only ten days, when their functions will expire.

At most, then, the death of Mr. Connell entails a dead-lock until his successor can be chosen, say for about a month. Should any attempt be made to prolong it beyond this point, or to organize the Senate by excluding Mr. Weakley, the Republican Senators have the remedy in their own hands, and we cannot doubt they will faithfully use all legal remedies within reach.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

It is a source of anxious care in many a household, how to make family worship pleasant and attractive to young children, and remove the feeling that it is an irksome duty. Doubtless much of the objection to the duty arises from the tedious manner, in which the services are conducted. The *Examiner and Chronicle* suggests that such services should be brief; that the Scriptures read and the prayers offered should be adapted to the capacity of the little ones, and that they should be allowed to participate, at least so far as to sing, and to repeat the Lord's prayer in concert. Let a cheerful spirit be manifested by those conducting this service, and especially let the singing be earnest, and such as young people can join and enjoy, and the service will be pleasant.

According to the *Christian Union*, last year the Episcopal diocese of Illinois, out of eighty-nine parishes, forty-eight had endured a change of pastorate, and in some cases there were three successive incumbents to one church.

One of the German ministers of the Methodist Episcopal Church sold last year five thousand five hundred dollars worth of German books, published by Methodist houses, without neglecting his pastoral duties, and if anything tended to increase his success. Sixty-four per cent. of his sales have been made to parties outside of the Methodist communion.

A convention is to be held in Philadelphia, on November 15th and 16th, to promote the cause of Foreign Missions under the direction of the Presbyterian Church. A portion of the time will be occupied in the interest of the Woman's Foreign Mission Work.

Although Granville, Kentucky, has a population of three thousand, there was but one Baptist in the town a year ago. A neighboring association, however, recently sent a missionary there. He labored faithfully and now a church has been organized and a meeting house erected.

The anniversary of the Tract Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church is to be held at Wilmington, Delaware, on Sunday, October 29. Rev. Dr. S. H. Nesbit, editor of the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate* is to participate in the exercises.

The Fourth Presbyterian church, Chicago, was one of the most flourishing churches in that city. It has been ascertained on close investigation, that eight hundred worshippers in that church had their dwellings burned, and are now homeless; their house of worship and their Erie Mission School were likewise destroyed. In fact, the home of not a single worshipper escaped destruction.

The meeting said to have been called by the leading members of the New York churches, on Tuesday evening last, to promote the establishment of a Protestant foundling asylum and the regulation of the social evil, is a "new departure" for Protestants.

The total loss by the Methodist Episcopal Church, in property by the Chicago fire is fixed at six hundred and sixty six thousand dollars.

Rev. John R. Dundas, D.D., of the old Presbyterv of Ohio, Presbyterian Church, has been appointed District Secretary of the American Tract Society, for Western Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Northeastern Ohio.

The Secretary of the Committee on Psalmody, Rev. Dr. E. F. Hatfield, appointed by the last Presbyterian General Assembly, invites suggestions from the Church as to the general character and structure of the book, to be sent within about three weeks to his address at 149 West Thirty-fourth street, New York.

During the late visit of President Grant and Vice-President Colfax to Boston, Gov. Claflin, President of the Methodist Social Union of that city, entered the supper room where an audience of two hundred ladies and gentlemen were assembled, much to the surprise of the "chatty" company. After the Governor introduced the distinguished visitors, three cheers were given, "America" was sung, and the hand-shaking took place.

The *Christian Intelligencer*, organ of the Reformed (Dutch) Church, has always been a welcome visitor, and since the enlargement, and other improvements, it is more highly prized than ever. It is an ably edited paper and deserves to be well supported by that denomination.

Old John Street Methodist Episcopal church, New York, erected on the spot where the first church of that body was erected in this country, will celebrate its one hundreth and fifth anniversary tomorrow, by special services suitable to the occasion.

The Unitarian Association have issued an appeal to the churches of the denomination to raise fifty thousand dollars immediately for the rebuilding of Rev. Robert Collyer's church in Chicago. Of course the Washington city project will be postponed.

DIABOLICAL MEDICINES.

A Startling Condition of Affairs in China.

[New York Post Hong Kong Letter.]

The present mail will inform you of the "Genii Powder" excitement. Placards have suddenly appeared in the most important localities in Canton province, charging foreigners with having concocted a diabolical medicine, which causes the feet of the victim to swell up within some twenty-five days after it is taken, unless the patient will consent to enter the Roman Catholic church.

The medicine is said to be circulated in all quarters at foreign expense, through the agency of Buddhist nuns, old women, and various sorts of hawkers and peddlers. People are induced to partake by the representation that a pestilence is impending, from which immunity can be secured only by a dose of the powder. If, when the swelling begins, they refuse to become Catholic, they die, and report has it that some twenty thousand persons have already perished.

Of course the excitement caused among an ignorant and superstitious people by such a story is by no means trifling. As a consequence, trouble and bloodshed have followed. A poor Chinaman was killed in the streets of Canton by an excited mob, on suspicion of dealing in this powder. A woman was killed in the Yamun, and a man was executed by the Viceroy on the same ground. Sharp dispatches by the consuls have been followed by proclamations by the Viceroy and Provincial Judge. The latter order the people to maintain order, under the severest penalties, but at the same time they assume the correctness of the report that such a powder is in circulation. As a reward is offered for any one found engaged in its distribution, and as the official retrospects of the matter do not affirm the falsity of the charges regarding foreigners, the impression remains on the minds of the people that they are actually guilty. It is, therefore, clearly a matter of question whether the harm does not surpass the good.

The origin and design of these placards demand the gravest inquiry. To pass them over as mere ebullitions of ignorance, which cease to do evil after a lull supervenes, is to practice political quackery, of which we may some day be the victims. First of all, be it observed, these placards are a common agency of stirring up a popular commotion, and placards against foreigners have been known ever since the old Hong days of Canton. What distinguishes the present movement is the extent of territory over which it prevails, and the homogeneity of plan indicates extraordinary facilities for attaining a common understanding and concert of action.

Two theories are advanced to explain the movement. By some it is regarded as part of a plan to overthrow the Tartar dynasty, by embroiling them with foreigners. And it is by no means an ill-chosen agency for that purpose, as I shall point out hereafter. By others it is looked upon as a most ingenious device of the mandarins to implant a deeper dislike of the foreigner in the minds of the common people, and there is an abundance of testimony in favor of this opinion. The manipulations of Chinese state-craft have a special end to accomplish at the present time. The treaties are to be revised and the inland residence question to be discussed. The Chinese are bent on refusing that demand. The Earl of Clarendon, moved by the representations of Mr. Burlingame, gave various classes of foreigners a rebuke for not paying more deference to the wishes and prejudices of the people. The Chinese had these papers translated and took the hint, and the mandarins are now manufacturing a public opinion bitterly hostile to the residence of foreigners inland.

No less than four German missionaries living in inland towns have been driven back to Canton or Hong Kong, while their houses have been looted and destroyed. Since the British Cabinet has ordered that the prejudices of the Chinese should be respected (and which is all right enough itself), the Chinese have resolved that there shall be an increased multitude of prejudices to be respected. You will hear, of course, that the ostentatious vermillion tipped proclamations are posted up after the placards, and the placards will be pulled down, and you will be told to infer that all is moving on as before. The inference will by no means be just. The mischief intended will be fully accomplished. A condition of public sentiment will be superinduced which may lie passive and dormant enough when not needed, but which can be utilized hereafter if deemed desirable by the crafty mandarians. Let not the public be deceived by any siren song of mandarin desire for closer relations with the West. We are drifting in the direction of war rather than of peace.

The Ohio Dried Up.

Chicago and the Northwest are not the only sufferers by the extraordinary drought of the present season. The Ohio River has for many weeks been unnavigable by reason of it, and a coal famine all along that river and the lower Mississippi valley is the result. Ten millions of bushels of coal are lying afloat at the Pittsburgh docks, waiting for a rise of the river to be transported below, while Louisville, Cincinnati and the towns below them are shivering with the fear of a winter without fuel.

The Ohio has long been a treacherous stream for navigation, on account of its frequent low stages of water, and the fault has been increasing with each succeeding year. The people along its banks have been waiting, like the paralytic of Scripture, for a favorable motion of the waters and—what has been the fatal point in their case—they have been waiting upon the General Government to move these waters by means of stupendous appropriations.

The government has no public lands to be benefited by the improvement of the Ohio (supposing it can be improved) nor is there any other pretext for bleeding the country at large for this purely local work; hence the prospect of obtaining government aid for the deepening or damming the Ohio is exceedingly dubious. The people of the valley are now waking up to the existence of this fact, and the necessity of action on their own part. The Pittsburgh GAZETTE says:

"We think right here is where the whole trouble lies. The people more directly interested, the producers among us, and the consumers south of us, have been waiting for the action of the general Government in the matter. They have not shown that disposition to help themselves which the case requires, in order to elicit the attention and the assistance of the Government."

This seems to us to be the exact state of the case. The trade between Pittsburgh and the South ought to be lively enough to support at least one good route of transportation. If the Ohio river cannot be made to furnish it, then railroads should; and there ought to be enterprise and capital enough between New Orleans and the Alleghenies to secure the desired object. The GAZETTE calls earnestly upon Pittsburghers to organize for action. —*Chicago Tribune.*

THE Louisville *Courier Journal* says: To the seventeen people who has sent us "poems" headed "Chicago," we would respectfully say that Chicago has suffered so much that we haven't the heart to add fifty per cent. to her woe by publishing their rhymes.

CERTIFICATE OF A CURE OF DEAFNESS.

NOISE LIKE A TEA KETTLE.

I took my son David Gilchrist, eight years old, to Dr. Keyser on the twenty-eighth of July, 1871, for a deafness and discharge from both ears, and a continual noise like the sound of a tea kettle, which had been coming on for over a year. He at that time could not hear a watch tick unless held close to the ears. The disease had been gradually growing worse, so that I had been made to believe him almost incurable, in fact most of the neighbors told me he would never get well. I had heard and read of Dr. Keyser's treatment in the daily newspapers, so I went to see the doctor, who told me he could cure him. He gave my son inward medicine and also applications to the ear, which I am happy to say has entirely cured him: and now, October 14th, he can hear the watch at two feet distance, and can hear the most ordinary conversation. His health otherwise has greatly improved, and I only feel too grateful for the remarkable cure of my son and take pleasure in making the case public.

THOMAS GILCHRIST.
Turtle Creek, formerly Irwin's Station.

Dr. Keyser's office for chronic diseases of the ear, ere and lungs 167 Liberty street, from 10 A. M. ununtil 1 P. M., and from 3 until 6 P. M., and on Saturday night until 9 o'clock.

THE ONLY PLACE IN PITTSBURGH

TO GET THE GENUINE

St. Louis Magnetic Spring Water

IS AT

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S

DRUG STORE and FAMILY MEDICINE DEPOT.

Corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

Fresh supply just received from the Springs.

AN ANCHOR TO WINDWARD.

It is good seamanship, when there is reason to expect heavy weather, to drop an anchor to windward.

We are in the midst of the reason of chills and fever. The sure preventive of this distressing malady is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. A course of that wholesome vegetable tonic will render an attack impossible. Take the hint and *drop an anchor to windward.*

Weak stomachs are most liable to be disordered late in the autumn, when the changes of temperature are marked and frequent. Hostetter's Bitters fortifies the stomach against the effects of these variations. Let dyspeptics make a note of the fact and *drop an anchor to windward.*

The liver is more sensitive when the weather is continually alternating between the warmth of summer and the cold of winter than at any other period of the year. This is peculiarly the season of such alterations. Let the bilious remember that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is essentially an anti-bilious medicine, and *drop an anchor to windward.*

The wisest plan is to forestall evil. The next best thing is to arrest it. For disorders of the stomach, irregularities of the bowels, and all periodical fevers, take, as soon as the complaint develops itself, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER &

VAN DOREN,

367 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEAM ENGINES,

IRON AND WOOD WORKING

MACHINERY,

Steam Pumps,

Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES

BELTING,

Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.

☞ Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

All the Latest Styles

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

For Summer Wear.

FULL STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.

SPECIALTIES:

Our Own Manufacture and Burt's Goods.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,

31 Fifth Avenue.

BAGS.

Cotton Seamless Bags have advanced, but being fortunate enough to have a large stock (about 11,000) on hand, we are selling them at the old prices. We manufacture a Bag called the Philadelphia, a Bag which is equal, if not superior, to any in the market. Of them we have three sizes, 2, 2½ and 3 bushels.

We also manufacture Paper Bags, Ropes and Twines.

JOHN T. BAILEY & CO.,

347 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; N. E. corner Market and Water Streets, Philadelphia.

TO

Oil Refiners and Others.

THE HUTCHINSON OIL REFINING CO.

Offer For Sale

The entire machinery of their Refinery, consisting of STILLS, IRON TANKS, STEAM PUMPS, SETTLING PANS, ENGINE and BOILERS, together with a large amount of Gas Pipe and Fittings, with a variety of sizes of stop Cocks, Globe Valves, Gates, &c., &c. Also, their REAL ESTATE, situated in the Sixth ward, of the City of Allegheny, bounded by Washington avenue, Preble and Adams streets and the Ohio river, fronting 312 feet on the Ohio river, and extending back 360 feet to Preble street. Apply at the office of the Company, No. 99 WATER ST., Pittsburgh.

JAMES A. HUTCHINSON, President.

oct-b44

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Attractive Stock,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

Dress Goods Department.

PLAIDS.

Scotch Tartans, Poplin Plaids, Serge Plaids, Soft All-Wool Plaids, 6-4 Cloaking Plaids, Opera Plaids, elegant styles at low prices.

Plain and Fancy Dress Goods.

Satine Cloths, all colors.
Black and Colored Alpacas.
Black and Colored Poplins.
Fancy Striped Poplins.

DRESS SILKS.

Plaid, Striped and Plain Japanese Silks.
Plain and Shaded Japanese Robes.
Gros Grain and Glace Black Silks.
Plain Glace Silks, all colors.

CASSIMERES

For Men and Boys' Wear.

Heavy Cloaking Cloths, Waterproof Cloths, Plain Opera Flannels, all colors.
Plaid Opera Flannels.
Rob Roy and Heavy Plaid Shirting Flannels.
Plain White, Scarlet, Yellow and Gray Flannels.
Twilled Scarlet, Blue and Gray Flannels.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

Housekeeping Dry Goods

AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

115. 115.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Are invited to call and examine our large new stock of Fall and Winter Goods, just opened, and which will be kept up during the season by the daily arrival of new goods. We offer everything at the lowest Eastern prices, and propose to save the buyer the expense of a trip East and his freights. We are sole Agents for Fullerton's Freeport Barred Flannels, Greenville Barred Flannels, Blankets and Yarns; also, sell Bradley's Emdale and Eastern Flannels at less than mill prices. We have an elegant line of Silks, Poplins, Plaids, Satines, Epinglines, Merinos, Alpacas, Repps, Delaines, Waterproofs, Black and Colored Velveteens, Shawls in Plaids, Stripes, Thibet, Broche and Paisley; Skirts, Embossed, Printed, Seamless, Felt and Balmoral; Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Ticks, Cantons, Towelings; Flannels, Red, White, Yellow and Grey in plain and twilled; French Plaid and Opera Flannels in all colors; Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Tweeds, Satinetts, Blankets, Bleached and Brown Sheeting (all widths and qualities); Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Combs, Buttons, Braids, and an endless variety of Notions and Small Goods wanted by every Merchant, all of which we propose to sell at bottom prices.

CALL AND SEE,

AT

115 Wood Street.

ARBUTHNOT,

SHANNON & CO.

se29:n70

Splendid Stock

OF

NEW GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED AT

MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

Silks! Silks!

New Black Gros Grain Silks of the best makes and finish, ranging in price from $1.25 to $4.00.

DRESS GOODS.

Many new and handsome styles of Plaids and Plain Goods are added to this Department, to which we invite the attention of purchasers.

Shawls! Shawls!

This Department embraces very many beautiful Shawls in Stripes, Plaids and Broche, to which customers are invited.

Alpacas and Mohairs, Cashmeres and Merinos, Flaanels and Country Blankets.

Fine Eastern Blankets at less than Wholesale Prices.

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

se27:n290

SIEBERT & BERG,

DEALERS IN

Leather, Hides, Oil

AND

SHOE FINDINGS,

No. 406 Penn Street.

Keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Hemlock and Oak Sole Leather, French and Common Kips and Calf Skins, Upper Leather, Morocco, Linings, Lasts, Threads, Nails, &c., which they will sell at lowest cash prices. au14:y13

Looking Glasses.

PICKERSGILL, LYONS & CO.,

No. 141 WOOD STREET,

Invite the attention of the public to their large assortment of Looking Glasses and Picture Frames. Embracing many new styles. Also, American, German and French Chromos, which we offer at reasonable prices.

☞ FINE MANTLE AND PIER GLASSES specially. J24:b55-TTHS

FISH! FISH! FISH!

No. 1 MACKEREL.
No. 2 MACKEREL.
No. 3 MACKEREL, large new.
SHAD, POTOMAC HERRING.
LAKE WHITE FISH.
LAKE HERRING.
DUTCH HERRING.
Fresh arrivals in all the various sized packages.

WATT, LANG & CO.,

172 and 174 Wood Street.

au17

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEMPLE'S

SPECIALTIES

At 20c., Tycoon Repps, for Ladies' Wrappers.
At 12½c., Good Styles Dark Delaines.
At 25c., Serge Poplin Plaids.
At 30c., Double Warp Heavy Brown Poplins.
At 37½ and 50c., Black Alpaca Lustres, extra good.
At 25c., Bookfold Barred Flannels, a great bargain.
At 12½c., Heavy Twilled Gray Flannels.
At 6¼c., Comfort Calicoes, a decided bargain.
At 8½c., Fast Colored Dark Calicoes.
At 10c., Canton Flannels.

COTTON BATTING,

From 10 Cents a Pound Up.

At 18½c., Linen Huck Towels, an extra bargain.
At $2.50 a pair, Heavy Gray Blankets, slightly imperfect.
At 62c., Men's Plaid Flannel Shirts.
At 25c., Men's Heavy Woolen Socks.
At 37½c., Ladies' Fancy Balmoral Hose, a great bargain.
At $1.25, Ladies' Balmoral Skirts, extra heavy.
At $1.50, Ladies' Gored Felt Skirts, best bargains of the season.
Special Bargains in every Department

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

An Entire Line

OF

NEW, CHOICE,

AND

Seasonable Goods,

NOW OPEN,

AND

Additions to Each Department Daily.

We would solicit an examination of our stock, which, for extent, variety and low prices, cannot be surpassed.

Dress and Sacque Trimmings,

Guipure and Chantilly Laces.
Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.
Corded Satins.
Dress and Trimming Silks.
Fringes, Gimps and Buttons, a full line in all new fall shades.
Black and Colored Silk Velvets, Loops, Tassels Ornaments, &c

RIBBONS.

All new shades in Bow and Trimming Ribbons. Black and Colored Sash Ribbons.

Embroideries Department.

Hamburg and Paris Made Embroideries, an elegant line, at low prices, now open.
Swiss Flouncing, Ruffling and Puffing.
Swiss Embroidery
Victoria Lawn Embroideries.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

A splendid line at low prices now open.
Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs at 10c.
Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs at 25c., extra fine.
All the Latest Styles in Ladies, Misses and Children's fine Felt, Velvet and straw

Hats, Plumes, Ostrich Tips,

WINGS AND EGROT,

NEW COLORS.

HOSIERY.

Ladies' and Children's White and Fancy Hose in a great many styles. Assortment large and complete, all grades.

GLOVES.

Good Kids at 95c. and $1.00 per pair.
Good 2 Hook Kids at $1.50 per pair.
A full line of Alexandre's and Harris' Seamless constantly on hand.
Ladies' and Children's Cloth and Berlin Gloves, many styles.

POPULAR PRICES.

Jos. Horne & Co.,

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

oc27

To Housekeepers.

The Undersigned having used the "Parker's" PATENT STEAM WASHER, and being greatly pleased with its work, as it almost wholly does away with all labor on the wash-board cleanses the clothes by perfectly removing from the threads and fibres all adhering dirt, by the generation of steam alone.

We cordially recommend its use to all Housekeepers as the *Speediest, most Economical, Cheapest* and *Best Washer* that has yet been brought to our notice.

GEO. W. HUBLEY,

No. 68 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

owns the Patent for Allegheny county, and is sole manufacturer.

Mrs. JOHN HERBERT, Federal street.
Mrs. Dr. DANIEL LEASURE, Allegheny.
Mrs. R. E. SELLERS, Sr.
Mrs. R. E. SELLERS, Jr.
Mrs. F. B. SELLERS.
Mrs. JUDGE KIRKPATRICK.
Mrs. PAUL HUGUS, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh.
Mr. H. W. FLOYD, Lincoln avenue, Allegheny
Mrs. A. WILSON MALZELL, Fleming.
Mrs. S. H. HARTMAN, Edgeworth.
Mrs. H. KENNEDY, Federal street.
Mrs. T. J. GRAFF, McClure township.
Mrs. H. M. LONG, South avenue, Allegheny
Mrs. A. McD. BAILEY, Fleming.
Mrs. Prof. J. C. SMITH, Lincoln avenue, Allegheny.
Mrs. Dr. JAMES ALLISON, Quaker Valley.
Mrs. JOSIAH KING, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. J. B. HA NES, Lincoln avenue, Allegheny
100 other references can be given. w

NO CHARGE

To Cure You

(PERMANENTLY)

In Ten Minutes' Time

OF

CROUP,
COLIC,
CRAMP COLIC,
HEADACHE,
TOOTHACHE,
NEURALGIA or
FRESH SPRAIN.

MAGNOLIA

CURES

RHEUMATISM

When all else fails, and will remove and cure

Corns, Bunions and Warts

Without your knowing it.

☞ NO FRAUD OR HUMBUG. ☜

TRY IT! YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED!

OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY,

No. 62 Fourth Avenue.

Open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. oc16-c65-MTHS

DOMESTIC WOOLENS.

200 Pieces Plaid Flannels,
100 " Gray and White do.
200 Pairs Country Blankets.
1,000 Pounds Knitting Yarns.
Received on consignment direct from the manufacturers. For sale by
LEE & MARSHALL,
oc21:c74 187 Liberty street.

WHITE LIME.

100 bbls Fresh Cleveland;
100 bbls Eastern;
100 bbls Fremont. For sale by
J. B CANFIELD,
oc4:s&TTH-T

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Popular Prices,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

Shawls! Shawls!

SCARFS!

A Choice Stock of the Latest Styles in Long and Square Plaid Shawls, Long and Square Striped Shawls, Long and Square Broche Shawls, Long and Square Black Thibet Shawls, Rich Roman Striped Estella Scarfs.

Black Cloth Sacques,

RICHLY TRIMMED.

FURS! FURS!

VELVETEENS,

Mantilla Velvets.

MILLINERY GOODS.

Hats and Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers and Plumes,
Trimming Silks and Satins,
Corded satins, all colors.

Ladies' and Gents' Underwear,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, NOTIONS, &C.

AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

GRATES.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

WELLMAN PATENT

Reflector Stoves

AND

GRATES,

KELLY'S PATENT

IRON HEARTH,

The Anchor Sad Iron,

FIRE IRON STANDS, &C.

The Reflector Is the best and Cleanest Grate in existence. It consumes less fuel and produces more heat than any other. We challenge a trial.

The Iron Hearth Will be found more desirable and chesper than either Marble or Brick.

THE GREAT REPUTATION OF THE

Anchor Sad Iron Has induced unprincipled parties to adopt our style with the intention of deceiving the public. We caution our customers and the public generally against this fraud.

Our Irons are all PLANED and bear the ANCHOR (our Trade Mark) on the upper side.

Samples of the Grates may be seen at BARNES', corner Third avenue and Market street. GOODWIN'S, 65 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the

WEST POINT FOUNDRY,

Cor. Duquesne Way and Water Street,

se23:n61 PITTSBURGH.

Jno. A. Renshaw & Co.

Would respectfully call the attention of their friends and customers to their extensive stock of

CANNED GOODS,

Put up expressly for family use from this year's selected fruit, consisting of

1000 DOZEN CANS

White and Yellow Peaches,
Bartlette and Duchesse Pears,
Green Gage Plums,
Extra Fine Apples,
Cherries and Strawberries,
Cooke's Favorite Tomatoes,
Winslow's and Blue Ridge Corn,
Giant Asparagus,
Extra Early Peas, &c., &c.

For sale wholesale and retail at reduced prices by
JOHN A. RENSHAW & Co.,
oc21-b36 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

American Watches.

Waltham Watch Co.,
E. Howard & Co.,
Elgin Watch Co.,
United States Watch Co.,

OF ALL GRADES.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

At the Lowest in the City.

THE

"ZIMMERMAN WATCH."

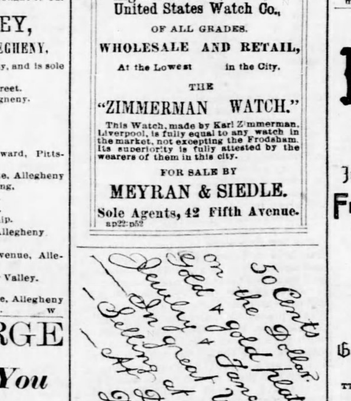
This Watch, made by Karl Zimmerman, Liverpool, is fully equal to any watch in the market, not excepting the Frodsham. Its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city.

FOR SALE BY

MEYRAN & SIEDLE.

Sole Agents, 42 Fifth Avenue.

ap22:n55



TREES! TREES!

Persons intending to set out Orchards or Beautify Grounds, Could examine our immense stock of Apple, Pear, Peach, Plum, Cherry and Ornamental Trees: Evergreens,

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,
BANKERS,
No. 78 Fourth Ave.,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.
Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK and PHILADELPHIA BOARDS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
au28-nll

N. Holmes & Sons,
BANKERS.
We offer for sale a limited amount of the New Bonds of the
Allegheny Valley Railroad Company,
bearing 7 per cent. interest, FREE OF ALL TAXATION. Principal and interest guaranteed by the
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES received in exchange at Market Rates.
N. HOLMES & SONS,
57 Market street, Pittsburgh. oc6-108

CONVERSION
U. S. Five-Twenty
BONDS.
Holders of Five-Twenties of the issue of 1862, which, under the recent announcement of the Secretary of the Treasury, will be paid off in December next, have a special and immediate reason to consider the question of conversion, unless they wish to receive coin for their Five Twenties, or exchange them at par for bonds of later issue, bearing an average rate of 4⅞ per cent.
We invite the attention of holders to RELIABLE HOME SECURITIES, which we are offering for sale, yielding from SEVEN TO EIGHT PER CENT. interest.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Cor. Fourth Ave. and Smithfield St.
se18-n30

GEO. B. HILL & CO.
BROKERS AND DEALERS IN
Bonds, Stocks and Mortgages.
Orders promptly executed for the purchase and sale of all Bonds & Securities.
☞ Collections made.
COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD ST.,
au9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
COR. WOOD & FOURTH AVE.,
BANKERS
Offer for sale the New Bonds of the
Allegheny Valley Railroad Co.,
BEARING 7 PER CENT. INTEREST,
Free of All Taxation.
Principal and Interest guaranteed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. For sale at Ninety and Accrued Interest.
Government and other reliable Securities taken in exchange at Market Rates. oc10

Finance and Trade.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, October 27, 1871.

The money market is working uncomfortably close for borrowers of all descriptions, and the outlook for sixty days to come is not cheering. The large amount locked up in coal, for which the prospect of an early release is not the most encouraging, and the tardy remittances from the west, combine to render the loan market more than usually stringent. In addition to the above causes, is to be added the effect of the Chicago disaster upon stocks values in New York and Philadelphia, pressing market quotations down from ten to fifteen per cent. for even what are called non-speculative stocks. Parties who held upon margin made haste to protect against loss, and those who had none raised all the floating means they had to invest when the depression had spent its force. In this way, our market was drawn upon pretty largely for cash the mercantile paper of the best sort can be had at from 9 to 12 per cent. per annum is no great marvel, as these rates are current at present in both New York and Philadelphia.

There has been but comparatively little pressure to sell our home securities, and they maintain their old quotations, or very near them, very firmly. Bank stocks have been in demand, and Gas stocks are also scarcely felt the pressure. There is less doing in Railroad Bonds, but they are steady—sales of A. V. R. R. 7-3-10s at 91 against 90 before the large decline at New York Boards.

The eastern markets are unsettled. The alternate ease and stringency in the money market, mainly the work of cliques engaged in stock speculations, keeps investors uneasy and disturbs the whole course of trade.

Gold has dropped below 112, and would retain that position were the means of manipulations in combination for a rise, who began work a day or two since.

Government Bonds a shade higher to-day. Ten Forties ¼ per cent. better. The Railway list was depressed throughout the day, closing a fraction below the lowest point touched the day. Money seven per cent. on Railways and six per cent. on Governments.

The situation in the market is becoming more clearly defined, the position of the leading speculators being exactly the reverse of what it was a few days ago. Practically the parties who before the fire held Lake Shore, N. Y. Central and Hudson, Western Union and Pacific Mail, and sold short on the "bear" side, that is to say, they have sold the bulk of their stocks and will not buy again until prices are lower than during the late panic. They have exchanged their stocks for money and hold the money. The great "bull" now is the speculation which was the leading "bear" interest before the decline. He operates in the most single-handed, and it is said intended when he started only to give the market a turn, but finds it impossible to halt, so he is making a bull movement in specialty sales at higher figures. His calculation was that the Vanderbilt people would buy back the stocks after they got what the market had turned. In this he has been mistaken, so far at least, and he has been obliged to buy a large amount of stocks to keep prices up that he is now forced to "bull" the market. The question is, can he carry the entire market against the wealthiest clique ever organized in Wall street.—*New York Bulletin.*

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	Thursday	Friday.
Bonds—1871.	115	115¼
5-20—1862	114¾	114¾
" 1864	113¾	114
" 1865	114¾	114¾
" 1865 new	113	113¼
" 1867	113¼	113¾
1868	113¾	113¾
10-40s	107¾	107¾
Currency 6s	110¾	110¾
Gold	111¾	111¾
RAILWAYS		
New York Central	88¾	88¾
Do Scrip	85¾	85¾
Erie	29¾	29¾
Reading	102¾	103¼
Lake Shore	97¾	97¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	124¾	124¾
Rock Island	99¾	99¾
Chicago & N. W.	90¾	90¾
Do. Preferred	87¾	87¾
N. Paul. Common	58¾	58¾
Do. Preferred	79	79
Wabash	57¾	58
Do. Preferred	79	79
Ohio & Mississippi	30¾	30¾
Pacific Mail	48¾	47¾
West. Union Telegraph	69¾	69¾
Adams Express	63	63
U. S. Express	54¾	54¾
Wells, Fargo	90¾	90¾
PHILADELPHIA BOARD.		
Penna. Central	59 ⅜	59½
Reading R. R.		
Camden & Amboy	127¾	128
Lehigh Navigation	24¾	25
Oil Creek & Allegheny R. R.	47	48
Central Transportation	45	46
Empire Transportation	52	54
Union Transportation	75	80

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold	111¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'65	113
U. S. 6s. 1881	116	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'67	113¾
U. S. 6-20s '62	114¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'68	113¾
U. S. 5-20s '64	114¾	10-40s	107¾
U. S. 5-20s '65	114¾	C. P. R. R.	101
U. S. 10-40s	107¾	Cr. Pacific	113¾

—The Chicago *Tribune* of Thursday says: Hall freights were advanced to-day to the extent of 5c on fourth-class and grain, 10c per 100 lbs on flour to New York, and 5c per barrel on other eastern points. The rates are as follows:

To	Fourth class.	Grain.	Flour.
To Boston	70		$1.40
To New York	65	75	1.34
To Phil'a and Baltimore	60	70	1.24
To Pittsburgh	35	50	.70

—There is a continued pressure for money, both at bank and on the street. The applications for loans at bank are much in excess of the receipts, and, indeed, most of our banks endeavor to meet the demands of their customers, have reduced their legal reserves considerably below the 25 per cent. limit by law. At this respect one of our banks, (that has its regular meeting for discount to-day,) is so far short that not a dollar will be loaned. This is the true way of getting within legal limits, and although inconvenient to business men who may be short, it must be submitted to. Call loans on first-class collateral are quoted at 7 per cent., and best double-name paper cannot be placed lower than 8 per cent., and much that is considered good is quoted as high as 12 per cent. Paper that at not thoroughly approved cannot be negotiated at all. The banks are doing what they can consistently with their own comfort and safety to favor the calls made upon them, but in many cases the supply proves unequal to the demand, and applications have to be over until a more convenient season. Business men, however, still keep up their courage, and take what they can get, in the confident trust that an early condition of affairs is not far off.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

NEW YORK, October 27, 1871.

Gold market has been very dull throughout the day and closed at 111⅞@112. Loans were from 1 to 4 for carrying. Clearances in Gold Exchange Bank $47,500,000. Governments at the close were firm. The stock market was heavy in tone, and in many instances the lowest prices of the day were made. Wabash was exceptionally strong. Express stocks strong. The transactions of the day were limited. The money market at the close was easy at one per cent. State bonds quiet: Tennessee and New South Carolinas active.

Sterling exchange, bankers bills 108¾.

GOVERNMENTS.—Coupons '81 113; do 5-20s 62 114¾; do '64 114¾; do '65 114¾; new do 113¾; do 10 113¾; coupons '68 113¾; 10-40s 108⅛; currency 6s 110⅞.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph, 69¾; Adams Express, 63; Wells-Fargo do, 90¾; American Merchants Union do, 35¾; United States do, 54¾; Pacific Mail, 47⅞; New York Central, 88⅜; Scrip, 85¾; Erie 29⅜; Harlem, 123; Reading, 103; Michigan Central, 104; Southern, 102; Illinois Central, 135; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 124; Northwestern, common, 59¾; do pref'd, 88¾; Rock Island, 99¾; St. Paul, 59¾; do preferred, 79¾; Toledo and Wabash, 58; Fort Wayne 96; Ohio and Mississippi, 30¾.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, October 27, 1871.

ASHES—Common Soda ash, 4 cts; refined do, 6@6¼; Pearls, 9¾; Pots, 7¾; Nitrate soda, 4¾@4¾.

APPLE BUTTER—Is in good supply but prime to choice is still quoted at 70@75.

APPLES—With continued large receipts and an apparent falling off in the demand, prices are weak and lower; we now quote at $1.75@2.25 for common to fair, $2.50@2.75 for good and $3.00@3.25 for prime to choice. A large proportion of the arrivals are not in good condition, and have to be worked off at some price, and it is this that is depressing the market.

BUTTER—There is a continued fair demand for prime to choice roll, with sales at 20@22, but anything under these grades is hard to sell at a price. There is no inquiry for tubs.

BROOM CORN—Is reported firm at 9@12c, as to quality;—we are reported a sale of one bale at 13c.

BEANS—Prime navy scarce; quoted in small lots at $2.75@3 per bushel.

BRICK—Sales at $10@12 per M.

CIDER—Is coming in pretty freely, and we can report regular sales at $5@8 per bbl, as to quality; choice not wanted.

CARBON OIL—There is a fair jobbing trade at former prices 22¼@23 cts, for standard brands—minimal; 18@20 cts for small lots.

CORN MEAL—Is very quiet and the demand is mainly of a retail character; may be quoted in small lots at 85@90c per bushel.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.50@3.00 per bbl; Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.25 @4.50.

CRANBERRIES—There is a continued wide range in prices, $12@18 per bbl, the outside figure for Sackett's.

CHEESE—The long-looked for reaction has not yet set in—prices are still maintained; prime New York Goshen, 15¾@16; Ohio Goshen, 15@15¾; Factory, 14@14¾; Dairy, 13@13¾.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches (prime halves,) in demand and scarce; sales at 10@11 cts; not much inquiry for quarters. Prime bright apples 7@8 cts.

EGGS—The receipts, although not large, seem to be sufficient to meet the light supply, and there is no change whatever in prices; 28 is still regarded as the ruling quotation.

FEATHERS—Are in fair demand; we quoted at 72@73 cts for round lots—usual advance in a small way.

FLOUR—The market is quiet and devoid of a single characteristic worthy of notice. Good spring extras, $5@5.25; choice Minnesota Xaxter's, $5.50; good to choice Indiana and Ohio, $5.25@5.50.

GRAIN—The receipts of wheat continue comparatively large, and the market is sluggish and prices weak; red is now quoted at $1.37@1.40, and white at $1.42@1.45. The mills have been receiving considerable wheat from the west recently, and consequently have a fair supply though they are by no means over-stocked. Oats offering more freely and in consequence the market is weaker; we now quote mixed to at the close at 35@36c, and white at 40@47—latter kind offered on change to-day at 47. Corn, as noted in our last report, is weak and lower; very common now to be fairly quoted above 72@73 cts for the car load, on spot. Rye may be quoted at 85@90 cts and quiet. Barley is steady but unchanged, ranging from $1.20@1.40 per bushel.

There was a very fair attendance at the Grain Exchange to-day and the following sales were noted:

1 car Rye, tagged, private terms.
1 car White Oats, private terms.
2 cars Prime Spring Barley, $1.40.
3 cars Prime Spring Barley, 85.
2 cars No. 2 Red Wheat, $1.30.
2 cars Barley, mixed, at 80c.
2 cars Barley, private terms.
23 sacks Prime Fall Barley, 91 cts.
120 sacks No. 2 Red Wheat, $1.40.

GROCERIES—Our advices from the east report coffees as being quiet a though as strong as ever; that there is a tendency for higher prices now current have cut down the demand somewhat, importers, in view of the very light stocks, are offering to sell, but are not disposed to make the slightest concessions. Sugars continue dull and weak, with every indication of a decline. Molasses continue very dull as holders generally are anxious to close their old stock.

SUGARS—Refined—Standard Hards, 13¾; A, 13. B, 12¾; Ex. C, 12¾; C, Yellow, 12¾. Porto Rico—Fair to prime, 12@13¾. Cuba—Fair to prime, 10½@12¾. Cuba Sugars, 10¼@11. Demarara, 12¾@ 13¾. Sugar House Sugars—Knight's Extra C, Yellow, 11¾; C, 11¾; common brown, 10¾@11. New Orleans Sugars—None in market.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, Rio Prime, 24. Good, 23. Fair, 22@22½. Low grades, 20@21. Laguayra, 25@ 26. Mocha, 45. Roasted Coffee, per cent. Low grades, 24@25.

SYRUPS—Havemyer & Elder's, 75. White Honey, 75. Lovering's, 60. Durant's, 55. Sugar Drips, 50; Brune's, 45. Common grades, 40@50. New Orleans Molasses, 60@68.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9¾; Good, 9¼; Fair, 8¾; Rangoon, 8@8¾. Patna, 9.

SPICES—Pepper, 23. Allspice, 18. Cassia, 50. Cloves, 30. Nutmegs, $1.30.

HIDES—Green or salted, 9@11½; Green Butcher's, 8; Dry Flint, 21@22; Green Calf Skins, 14@15; Green Salted Calf, 17@18.

TALLOW—Quoted at 7½@8 cts.

HEMP—Stock in this market very small. Rough quoted at $165; single dressed, $250@ 260; spun, $400.

HONEY—Sales reported at from 25@35 cts per lb, as to quality and condition.

HAY—The receipts of baled are again in creasing, and the market, in consequence, is easier; quotations may be fairly given at $20@ 25 for fair to prime.

LARD OIL—It is difficult to quote correctly as there is such a wide difference between various brands. No. 1 extra is quoted at 85 @85 cts in Cincinnati, this would make it $75@80 here. Pittsburgh make, quoted at 75@80.

MACKEREL—Shipping white, $5.00@5.25 per bbl; Cleveland $2.25; Eastern, $4.75.

MILLFEED—Is quoted in a jobbing way, at $16@20 per ton; Bran, $14@16 for Seconds; $18@20 for Middlings, and $440@45 for Oil Meal.

NUTS—Chestnuts quoted at $3.50@4 per bushel. Walnuts, $1@1.25 per bushel; Shellbarks, $1.50@2; Butter nuts, $1.00@1.25.

ONIONS—Demand fair, prices unchanged; sales of common at $2.50@2.75 per bbl; prime yellow at $3.00@3.25.

POULTRY—Live chickens in fair demand, and we can report sales, by the coop, at 5 @6 cts per pair, according to size.

POTATOES—Prime Peach Blows still quoted at 50@60 cts per bushel, by the car load; Early Rose, 45@50; Burbanks, 40@45. Prime Jersey sweets, $3.50 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Plain Bacon Shoulders, 7¾ @8; ribbed sides, 8¾; short ribbed sides; 8¾; clear sides, 9¾; sugar cured shoulders, 9; plain sugar cured hams, 12; canvassed do, 13; sugar cured hams, in keg, 10¾; in buckets, 12; Ham sausage, 11 cts. Dried Beef, 18. Mess Pork, $18. Breakfast Bacon, 11

PEAS—Steady at 120@125 cts.

RAGS—Sales, 4¾@4¾ cts per lb.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.85, by the car load, and $2 retail.

SEEDS—Clover and Timothy continue very quiet; the former is quoted at $6.25@6.75, and the latter at $3.00@3.25. Flaxseed unchanged at $1.85.

SUMAC—Tennessee is quoted at 4¾ cts per lb or $90 per ton of 2,000 lbs. Virginia sumac does not seem to be wanted.

WILLOWS—Quoted firm at 10 cts.

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, October 27, 1871. }

The operations in pig iron have again been light this week, for the season; not that there is any failing off in the demand, but in consequence of a scarcity of stock. There is an active demand for both mill and foundry irons, and with light receipts and very limited stocks, the market continues strong and considerably excited, and as compared with last week, another advance has been established; good forge irons, which sold last week at $37, and the week before that at $36, 4 mos; brought, as will be seen by reference to the report of sales below, another $1 this week, and even at this advance the supply is not equal to the demand. As noted in our last report, there is little or no metal coming here from the east, and, in consequence, Pittsburgh is now dependent mainly on the western furnaces, for supplies; but of those western furnaces are sold close up, some of them ahead, and as a general thing, we understand, they are not now disposed to contract for future delivery at present prices. Some operators are disposed to regard the advance as having been too rapid to be healthy, and that, sooner or later, there will be a reaction, but that in the end it will result badly to the whole trade, producer as well as consumer. It is contended that the metal is here for actual consumption and that there is a limit to the price of bar iron and that that limit has already been reached, and that if the price of crude iron is somewhat much higher, manufacturers will be obliged to stop their mills. Foundrymen also complain about the high price of metal, but like the mill men, they are unable to help themselves; the supply, for the time being, is not equal to the demand, and the arrangements being well posted in regard to the situation are not backward in asking all they can out of it.

Following is a report of the sales for this week.

ANTHRACITE.

50 tons	B I Foundry	$39 50 4 mos
50 "	No. 2 Ex Foundry	39 50 4 mos
50 "	No. 1 Ex Foundry	42 00 4 mos
200 "	No. 1 Ex Foundry	41 00 cash
	Ex Gray Forge, Favorite Brand	38 00 4 mos
60 "	B No. 1 Fdry, at Furnace	35 50 cash
40 "	A No. 1 Fdry, at Furnace	35 50 cash
50 "	A No. 1 Fdry, at Furnace	35 50 cash
50 "	A No. 1 Fdry, at Furnace	35 50 cash
50 "	B No. 1 Fdry, at Furnace	34 50 cash
50 "	A No. 1 Fdry, at Furnace	35 50 cash
50 "	B No. 1 Fdry, at Furnace	34 50 cash
25 "	A No. 1 Fdry, at Furnace	35 50 cash
100 "	No. 2 Fdry, at Furnace	32 50 cash
100 "	No. 2 Neutral	32 00 cash
100 "	No. 3 Neutral	32 00 cash

EASTERN COKE.

200 tons	No. 3 Gray Forge	$36 00 4 mos
200 "	No. 2 Gray Forge	36 00 4 mos

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR.

300 tons	White Iron, at furnace	$33 50 4 mos
250 "	Medium Close Gray Forge	38 00 4 mos
200 "	Gray Mill Iron, to arrive	38 00 4 mos
200 "	Gray Mill Iron, to arrive	38 00 4 mos
100 "	Gray Mill Iron, to arrive	38 00 4 mos
200 "	Gray Mill Iron, to arrive	38 00 4 mos
200 "	Gray Forge, to arrive	37 00 4 mos
200 "	Gray Forge, to arrive	37 00 4 mos
200 "	Gray Forge, to arrive	37 00 4 mos
200 "	Gray Forge, to arrive	37 00 4 mos
100 "	Gray Forge, to arrive	38 00 4 mos
50 "	Gray Forge, to arrive	38 00 4 mos
120 "	Gray Forge, to arrive	38 00 4 mos

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, October 27, 1871. }

The market was again very quiet to-day, and devoid of any thing particularly new or important. Crude continues offish; several sales of seller all year at 11¾; and Parker is reported as having been sold at 14¾@15c, net. Refined very quiet: October quoted at 24@24¾, but we understand that there was an offer to sell at 24 and 23¾ was the best bid. It seems strange that refined should continue dull and weak, in view of the diminished stock in Philadelphia, some 14,000 bbls. Tonnage is reported more abundant and ocean freights, in consequence, lower. Exporters continue very "bearish," and for some time past, New York has been considerably in advance of Philadelphia.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. R. R.

Excelsior O W, account same	80
Vista O W, account Bates & G	311
Cosmos O W, account Bates & G	311
Nonpareil O W, account Bates & G	262
Standard O W, account Bates & G	62
Commercial O W, account Bates & G	80
National O W, account Bates & G	74
Eagle O W, account B S Jackson	222
Eagle O W, account P Hutchinson	80
Sunbeam O W, account W Stewart	154
Spray O W, account M McKelvy	330
Fairview O W, account Bates & G	208
Total	3,036

OIL SHIPPED PER WEST PENN R. R.

Kirkpatrick & L., 317 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.	
Total	317 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R. & W. F. R. R. October, 25th.

P. Welsenberg & Co., 90 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F & Co., Phila.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 891 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Co. 501 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

National Oil., 311 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth & Hill 500 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F & Co., Philadelphia.

J. A. McKee & Son, 128 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bros. and Wahl.

J. A. McKee & Son, 241 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.

John Ihen & Co., 50 bbls ref. oil to G. W. White, Harrisburg.

Kirkpatrick & L., 266 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.

Fawcett, L & S, 250 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.

Citizens Oil Co. 573 bbls refined oil to Tack, Bros & Co., Phila.

Braun & Wagner 550 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Montzeimer, K & Co. 3 3 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

M. M. Riter, 106 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bros & Co., Phila.

Total 4,576 bbls.

[By P. & A. Telegraph.]

PHILADELPHIA, October 27, 1 P. M.—Crude 14@14¼c; refined October 24½c; November 24c; December 24c. Market quiet and firm.

5:30 P. M.—October, 24c asked; November and December, 24c asked; crude 14c.

NEW YORK, October 27, 1 P. M.—Market dull but steady; we quote balance the month nominally 23¾@23½c; nothing doing; November 23¼c—nominal; crude market dull; holders generally asking 14¼@14½c.

TITUSVILLE, October 27, 1:30 P. M.—Market quiet and unchanged.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, October 27, 11:30 A. M.—Market quiet and dull at $4.70@4.75; we hear of no transactions.

ROUSSEVILLE, October 27, 11:30 A. M.—Market quiet but firm; asking $4.80 for spot; buyers offering $4.65@4.70.

OIL CITY, October 27, 11:45 A. M.—Market quiet; $4.95@4.97½.

PLEASANTVILLE, October 27, 11:30 A. M.—Market quiet and dull at $4.90.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,
Pronounced by Connoisseurs
"THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE."
It tempts the palsied appetite, and it is unrivaled for its flavor.
We are authorized by Messrs. LEA & PERRINS to prosecute all parties making or vending counterfeits. JOHN DURKEE & CO.,
Agents, New York.
au26-y18

MANHOOD! WOMANHOOD!—"Books for the million!" Who may marry who not, Why? Impediments, causes and cure. Every married man, single man, and every woman should read them. 100 pages. Sent in sealed envelopes 15 cents each. Over 30,000 sold within 60 days. Address, Dr. WHITTIER, 206 Penn street Pittsburgh, Pa. 29-2

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

PITTSBURGH BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, October 27.—9 bales hay, H H Conway; 5 bbls pickles, Dilworth & Co; 15 bales hay, D Castner; 1 bx tobacco, S P Shriver & Co; 15 sks potatoes, J B Sneathen; 50 sks potatoes, Wm Bell; 1 bx tobacco, S P Shriver & Co; 15 sks potatoes, J B Sneathen; 2 bbls vinegar, Jas Bredin & Co; 1 bx tools, Hall & Spencer; 7 pkgs groceries, H F Behnke; 5 do do, C & J Nettleship; 5 do tea, Wm Bell & Co; 3 do do, Eagle, Borgs & B; 2 do Mc. Cracken & Co; 3 do do, Erwin & Co; 1 bx tools, I Hing & Co.

Lucy—5 pkgs produce, W Sanders; 5 do do, Phillips & N; 1 bbl butter, Houck, J & Co; 1 bx flannel, Arbuthnot, Stanton & Co; 1 pkg hay, Marlatt & Co; 22 sks potatoes, Conley & K; 8 do flour, W Hasbace.

ERIE AND PITTSBURGH PACKET COMPANY, October 27.—50 bbls whisky, C C Beggs; 50 do lab oil, H W Cassidy; 17 hides, 2 bbls tallow, W Faccus & Son; 40 pkgs potatoes, J B Carothers; 25 do do, W Lindsay; 20 do do, R Ralston; 30 do, James Close; 20 do, Jas McKain; 35 do, J Arbuthnot & Co; 10 sks potatoes, J Hoffman; 50 do do, J Mc Carthy; 15 do do, T D Casey; 10 do, H McMullan; 1 car metal, J Marshall; 1 do, McKnight & Co; 100 bbls flour, Jones Spear & Co; 50 bbls apples, 57 do onions, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 2 cars lumber, Armstrong, D & Co; 65 do, Kler & F; 36 do do, Coleman, Rahe & Co.

STEAM PUMPS.
John M. Cooper,
No. 883 PENN STREET.
1y12

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
—DELAMARRE'S SPECIFIC PILLS
Prepared by GLENARDIER & HUFFARD, No. 214 Rue Bombard, Paris, and highly recommended by the entire Medical Faculty of France, as the best remedy in all cases of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness; Sexual Weakness or Impotency; Weakness Arising from Secret Habits and Sexual Excesses; Weak Spine; "Lime" or "Brick-dust" deposits in the Urine; Nervousness; Debility, and all symptoms arising from Overuse or Excesses. They create full, healthy and vigorous erections on each body. Price $1 per box or 6 boxes for $5, and will be sent by private conveyance, or sent by mail, *securely sealed from all observation*, by enclosing price to the Sole General Agent for America, H. D. MOSES, 106 Nassau street, New York. Pamphlets of Advice sent Free to any address.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
are unfailing in the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, sore throat, Hoarseness, difficult Breathing, Incipient Consumption and Diseases of the Lungs. They have no taste of medicine, and any child will take them. Thousands have been rescued from untimely graves before despaired. Testimony given in hundreds of cases. Sold by druggists. SEE TESTIMONIALS. Ask for BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.
je23-v1-d-eaT

ON MARRIAGE.—Essays for Young Men on great SOCIAL EVILS and ABUSES, which interfere with MARRIAGE, and ruin the happiness of thousands—with sure means of relief for the erring and Unfortunate, diseased and debilitated. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 S. Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after MONDAY, June 19th, 1871, Trains will leave and arrive as follows:

EASTWARD.

Through Trains.	Leave Dalton Road.	Arrive at Union Depot.
Mail Train	3.10 AM	Fast Line	1.20 AM
Philadelphia Ex.	12.50 PM	Mail Train	10.40 AM
Pacific Ex.	6.05 PM	Philadelphia Ex.	10.20 PM
Fast Line	11.40 PM	Pacific Ex.	10.40 AM
		Harrisburg Ac.	3.40 PM

WESTWARD.

LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Homewood Ac.	6.30 AM	Wall's No. 1	9.20 AM
Wall's No. 1	6.30 AM	Homewood No. 1	7.20 AM
Wall's No. 2	7.20 AM	Homewood No. 2	8.30 AM
Wall's No. 3	9.10 AM	Wall's No. 2	9.40 AM
Wall's No. 4	11.51 AM	Wall's No. 3	9.40 AM
Homewood No. 3	1.30 PM	Wall's No. 4	3.40 PM
Johnstown Ac.	4.20 PM	Wall's No. 5	3.40 PM
Wall's No. 5	4.30 PM	Wall's No. 6	5.40 PM
Wall's No. 6	5.50 PM	Homewood No. 4	5.40 PM
Homewood No. 4	6.15 PM	Homewood No. 5	6.45 PM
Birmingham Ac.	7.00 PM	Johnstown Ac.	11.10 AM
Wall's No. 7	10.50 PM	Brin's Ac.	11.10 PM
Express Accommodation.	1 leave daily.	Express	3.00 AM
Accommodation No. 1 leave daily.			

All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.

PACIFIC EXPRESS leaves Pittsburgh at 1.50 A.M., arrives at Harrisburg 11.15 A.M. Philadelphia, 3.05 P.M.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 12.50 P.M. arrives at Harrisburg 10.35 P.M. Philadelphia, 6.00 A.M.

PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 6.55 P.M., arrives at Harrisburg 3.55 A.M. Washington, 10.00 A.M. Philadelphia, 7.40 A.M. Baltimore, 9.25 A.M. Washington, 10.00 A.M.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION at 11.40 P.M. arrives Harrisburg 7.15 A.M.

FAST LINE leaves Pittsburgh at 11.40 P.M. arrives at Harrisburg 6.45 A.M. Philadelphia, 1.10 P.M.

The Through Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 8.50 A.M., reaching Pittsburgh at 9.50 P.M. Returning, leave Allegheny City at 12.30 P.M., and arrive at Wall's Station at 2.02 P.M.

For further information apply to

W. LORIMER, Agent.
Union Depot, Pittsburgh.
A. J. CASSATT,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE CONNECTION.
RAILROAD.
On and after Monday, October 16, 1871, trains will arrive and depart from Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows: (City Time.)

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Cumb'd Mail.	6.5 0 am	1st McKeesport Ac.	6.40 am
1st McKeesport Ac.	9.2 0 am	2d McKeesport Ac.	7.40 am
2d McKeesport Ac.	11 0 am	Uniontown Ac.	9.5 5 am
Uniontown Ac.	3.10 pm	Accom'n.	3.35 pm
Accom'n.	4.30 pm	Cumb'd Mail.	6.10 pm
3d McKeesport Ac.	5.2 0 pm	Express.	9.5 5 pm
Express.	10.0 0 pm	West Newton Ac.	10.15 am
		3d McKeesport Ac.	2.10 pm
		4th McKeesport Ac.	6.10 pm
		West Newton Ch'k train.	7.35 pm

*Sunday only. Baltimore Express departs and arrives daily. Mail Express arrives and departs daily except Sunday. The Cincinnati and Baltimore Express leaves Pittsburgh at 1.40 A.M. Connection east and west will connect at Broad Ford and Connellsville with Express trains. At Johnstown, Baltimore express Sunday night down will make direct connection at Cumberland for Baltimore. Pullman Palace Cars on all night trains. Central ticket office corner Smithfield street and Fifth avenue.

D. D. ANGELL,
oct16 M. ster of Transportation.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.
CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.
On and after MAY 28th, 1871, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	4.45 AM	West Line	9.5 5 AM
Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	6.43 "	Wheeling Ex.	9.53 "
Mail Train	7.25 "	Mail Train	12.40 PM
Chicago Mail	7.25 "	Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	5.43 "
Chicago Express	1.30 PM	Cl. & S. L. Ex.	5.43 "
Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	1.25 P.M.	Chicago Mail	5.43 "
Pacific Ex.	3.13 "	Erie & Y. Ex.	5.28 "
Steubenville Ac.	4.45 "	Chicago Mail	9.35 "
Erie Express	4.45 "	Pacific Ex.	9.35 "
Erie Express	11.45 P.M.	Steubenville Ac.	10.15 "
Fast Line	12.30 A.M.	Erie Ex.	11.18 "

Parker's Accommodation Trains run daily.

All other trains daily except Sunday.

Church train to and from Soda Works (Sunday) arrives as Pittsburgh 9.30 a. m. and leaves at 12.30 p. m.

Express trains stop only at principal points.

Accommodation trains stop at all stations.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on night Express trains between Pittsburgh and Marville. Through coaches on day Express trains between Pittsburgh and Bruction.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen. Sup't., Pittsburgh.
JAS. H. BRAY, Ticket Agent. jy6

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.
Pan-Handle Route.

After May 28th, 1871, Trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Allegheny Time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1.43 A.M	Mail	9.30 A.M
Columbus Mail	7.15 "	Wash. Ac.	8.33 "
Express	12.10 P.M	Cincinnati Ex.	12.10 P.M
Pacific Ex.	11 0 3 "	Cincinnati Ex.	12.13 P.M
Mail	4.05 "	Columbus Ac.	3.40 "
Wash. Ac.	5.10 "	Cincinnati Ex.	5.40 "
Southern Ex.	3.15 P.M	Columbus Mail.	5.28 "
Cincinnati Ac.	6.45 "	Fast Line	5.43 "
McDonald Ac.	9.00 "	Express Ex.	11.10 "
Sunday Ch.		Mail	9.58 "
Chg.	12.58 "	Sunday Ch.	9.58A.M
	11.03 a.m. Pac

HOME NEWS.

Eleventh Ward Mission.—Rev D. B. Wilson will preach to-morrow evening under the auspices of the above Mission, in the Methodist public school house, Granville street, near Wylie avenue, at half-past seven o'clock.

Sabbath school at two o'clock, P.M. All are invited.

Alleged Larceny.—A charge of larceny was on Thursday made at the office of Alderman Wm. Thompson, in Allegheny, against David Dunn by Patrick Donahue. It is alleged by Thompson that the accused stole from his stable a short time since a valuable mare, and that he has her now in his possession, appropriating her to his own use. A warrant was issued for Thompson, and he was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

An Alderman in Trouble.

J. L. Lindsay charged Alderman Donaldson, of the Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, before Alderman Bulford, of Allegheny, with misdemeanor in office. It is alleged that the Alderman extorted $7 costs from Lindsay in a case before him, when the law allows but $4. A hearing yesterday the accused was held in $500 bail for court.

Narrow Gauge Railroad from Allegheny City to Harmony.

The projectors of this measure have concluded to let a contract for a preliminary survey of the proposed route.

Robert Swann, Esq., Perrysville, Alexander Hilands, Pittsburgh, Dr. J. S. Lusk, Dr. Wm. Irvin and Kennedy Marshall, Esqs., of Butler county are the committee to whom proposals to undertake the same should be addressed.

Fire at Neville Station.

A stone house, two stories and a half in height, at Neville station, caught fire about half past three o'clock yesterday afternoon from sparks from an engine on the Cleveland express. The house belonged to the estate of James Serrett, and was occupied by the Tamilies of Wm. Brooks and Thomas Conners, railroad laborers. The building and contents were completely destroyed, except the walls, which remain standing. Loss about $2,000. No insurance.

Holtzheimer's Birthday.

Yesterday Wm. Holtzheimer, the popular proprietor of the Continental Saloon on Fifth avenue, completed his twenty-ninth year and, as is his custom, gave a grand banquet to the Great Western Band, and a number of his friends. The Great Western Light Guard Band, of Chicago, who are the guests of the Great Western Band, were also present. The evening was pleasantly spent in feasting, dancing and singing. Wilms did the speech-making and singing. William did the honors with his accustomed dignity, and looked, and doubtless felt, supremely happy. So did the guests.

Malicious Serenaders.

The other night after Mr. John Dick, of Shaler township, had been married a few hours, a party of serenaders visited his house. They wanted money to buy beer with, and on being refused, it is alleged by Mr. Dick, Dave and Charley Smith threw stones through the windows and in the house, for which a charge of malicious mischief was made before Deputy Nichols, of the Seventeenth ward. An information for disorderly conduct was also made against Jacob Souter, George Beeler, Thomas Boure, John Rittner, Henry Smith and Wm. Bour. Warrants issued.

Runaway Accident.

An accident, attended with painful and somewhat serious results, occurred in the Fifteenth ward, between four and five o'clock last evening. At that time a carriage drawn by a pair of spirited horses was being driven along Penn avenue, when from some cause the horses took fright, near Tandale street, and started down the street at a terrible rate. The driver, Thomas Donahue, was thrown off, alighting on his face, and was severely injured. Dr. Judge rendered, for several hours, insensible. Part of his nose was cut off, apparently by striking a projecting fence, and his forehead was badly cut and bruised. Several women and children were in the carriage, but none of them, fortunately, were injured. The third horse became frightened and broke away, leaving the carriage wholly wrecked. Donahue was afterwards removed to his home in Virgin alley.

A Sufferer from a Cowardly Act.

Robert Suffern, on last Wednesday, suffered Thomas McCormick to swindle him badly. If we may believe an information made by him against Thomas, at the office of Alderman Logan, it seems that Mr. Suffern is a resident of the Seventh ward, purchased a cow from McCormick who lives at Wood's Run, under representations that it was a good milker, and induced the accused, by which he shirked from the ills he had to try the mysteries of the unknown.

The fact of his death was made known yesterday morning and the attendant circumstances so far as known up to that time in the following testimony taken before Coroner Weet:

Kate Cline, sworn—The last I saw of George was a little before two o'clock yesterday afternoon; I was in my room, and saw him go upstairs to his own room, in the third story; shortly after I heard the report of a pistol, but paid no attention to it, thinking it was outside in the back yard; most often shoot at pigeons in the rear of the building.

Elizabeth Foster, sworn—At half past five last evening I went up stairs to George's room to call him to supper; spoke to him two or three times; but got no answer. I struck me as I was going down that he might be dead, and I told one of the boys to go up and see; he went up, called to Z. Miller went up and snook him; but got no answer. He came down stairs and told me, and said George was in a sound sleep. Miller had the habit of lying down and not answering when he did not feel well. He was always crabbed and cross.

Frank Zellner, sworn—I am a barber in Pastre's shop; I saw the deceased at quarter past two o'clock yesterday; that is the last I saw of him at that time; I did not see anything more of him until I called him last night; I called him about six o'clock two or three times, and took him by the sleeve and shook him; it was in the dark room, and I could see it was light in the room, but had no clock; last night in the room, but had no light; Wm Ruhl and myself slept in a bed in the room; I slept enough to cause the slightest apprehension on the part of the gentlemen owning the opposing horses.

Huntress took the second heat in 2:32¼, Ohio Boy 2d, Black Mack 3d, and the Collins mare 4th.

When the horses were called out for the third heat Black Mack pulled out from the opposition. After waiting about fifteen minutes the judges started the other three horses, and declared Black Mack distanced. Huntress came in first in 2:32¾, which gave her the race. Ohio Boy came in 2d and the Collins mare 3d.

SUMMARY.

Aldin Goldsmith, b m. Huntress	1	1	1
R N Logan, b g. Independence	d.	0	0
B.S. Briggs, b g. Ohio Boy	3	2	2
John Watson, s m. Annie Watson	d.	0	0
S D Karns, bl g. Black Mack	4	3	d.
Thomas Collins, b. m. Annie	d.	d.	d.
Time	2:32	2:32¾	2:32¾

THE RUNNING RACE.

The running race, two mile heats, 2 in 3, was the most exciting event of the day. There was some trouble encountered by the handler of Tom Boston in getting the horse to start, fully three quarters of an hour having been spent in that work. But when he did get away he ran too well to be beaten by any horse on the track. He won the first heat in 3:45, and the second in 3:47¾, thus winning the race in two straight heats. Dairyman, the Birmingham horse, was also around the track and has not since been heard of. The following is

THE SUMMARY.

H. Blandy, s. c., Tom Boston	1	1	
R. E. Clovert, s. s., B garoon	2	3	
J. Hamilton, b. g., Dairyman	3	2	
J. Gallagher, s. g. Dairyman	d.	d.	

To-day at one o'clock P.M. there will be a trotting race between horses that have no record below 2:35, for a purse of eight hundred dollars.

SUICIDE THROUGH FEAR.

A Young Man Ends suffering by Killing Himself.

The fear of a life of suffering and a lingering death formed the cause of a suicide which took enough to light yesterday morning. Mr. George Pastre, a white barber, doing business on Diamond street and well known in the city, was the victim. It seems he had recently been suffering from consumption—a disease from which his brother had died some months ago—and the fear that he might pass through all the horrors of this dread malady, formed the cause of a resolve to end it and induced the act, by which he shirked from the ills he had to try the mysteries of the unknown.

The fact of his death was made known yesterday morning and the attendant circumstances so far as known up to that time in the following testimony taken before Coroner Weet:

Kate Cline, sworn—The last I saw of George was a little before two o'clock yesterday afternoon; I was in my room, and saw him go upstairs to his own room, in the third story; shortly after I heard the report of a pistol, but paid no attention to it, thinking it was outside in the back yard; most often shoot at pigeons in the rear of the building.

Elizabeth Foster, sworn—At half past five last evening I went up stairs to George's room to call him to supper; spoke to him two or three times; but got no answer. I struck me as I was going down that he might be dead, and I told one of the boys to go up and see; he went up, called to Z. Miller went up and snook him; but got no answer. He came down stairs and told me, and said George was in a sound sleep. Miller had the habit of lying down and not answering when he did not feel well. He was always crabbed and cross.

Frank Zellner, sworn—I am a barber in Pastre's shop; I saw the deceased at quarter past two o'clock yesterday; that is the last I saw of him at that time; I did not see anything more of him until I called him last night; I called him about six o'clock two or three times, and took him by the sleeve and shook him; it was in the dark room, and I could see it was light in the room, but had no clock; last night in the room, but had no light; Wm Ruhl and myself slept in a bed in the room; I slept enough to cause the slightest apprehension on the part of the gentlemen owning the opposing horses.

Huntress took the second heat in 2:32¾, Ohio Boy 2d, Black Mack 3d, and the Collins mare 4th.

When the horses were called out for the third heat Black Mack pulled out from the opposition. After waiting about fifteen minutes the judges started the other three horses, and declared Black Mack distanced. Huntress came in first in 2:32¾, which gave her the race. Ohio Boy came in 2d and the Collins mare 3d.

SUMMARY.

Aldin Goldsmith, b m. Huntress	1	1	1
R N Logan, b g. Independence	d.	0	0
B.S. Briggs, b g. Ohio Boy	3	2	2
John Watson, s m. Annie Watson	d.	0	0
S D Karns, bl g. Black Mack	4	3	d.
Thomas Collins, b. m. Annie	d.	d.	d.
Time	2:32	2:32¾	2:32¾

THE RUNNING RACE.

The running race, two mile heats, 2 in 3, was the most exciting event of the day. There was some trouble encountered by the handler of Tom Boston in getting the horse to start, fully three quarters of an hour having been spent in that work. But when he did get away he ran too well to be beaten by any horse on the track. He won the first heat in 3:45, and the second in 3:47¾, thus winning the race in two straight heats. Dairyman, the Birmingham horse, was also around the track and has not since been heard of. The following is

THE SUMMARY.

H. Blandy, s. c., Tom Boston	1	1	
R. E. Clovert, s. s., B garoon	2	3	
J. Hamilton, b. g., Dairyman	3	2	
J. Gallagher, s. g. Dairyman	d.	d.	

To-day at one o'clock P.M. there will be a trotting race between horses that have no record below 2:35, for a purse of eight hundred dollars.

THE OAKLAND RACES.

Fourth Day—Conclusion of Thursday's Trotting Race—Sodbue Wins—The 2:28 Horse—Exciting Race—A Runner "Stalling Under False Colors"—The Running Race, &c.

Yesterday, the fourth day of the Oakland races, afforded to the spectators, of which there was an immense throng, the most exciting sport of the season. In addition to the trotting race by horses that have no record below 2:28, which was a very interesting one, there was a hotly contested running race, two mile heats, for a purse of $500.

THE ENTRIES.

For the purse of one thousand dollars, for 2:28 horses, the entries were as follows:

R. S. Logan, Buffalo, N. Y., owner's g. g. Independence; R. S. Briggs, Boston, Mass., b. g. Ohio Boy; Aldin Goldsmith, Washington-ville, N. Y., b. m. Huntress; John Watson, Pittsburgh, Pa., s. m. Annie Watson; S. D. Karns, Parker's Landing, bl. g. Black Mack; Thomas Collins, Pittsburgh, Pa., br. m. Annie Collins.

The entries for the race, purse, $500, two mile heats, 3 in 5 to rule, were—Henry Blandy, Zanesville, Ohio, c. s., Tom Boston; J. Gallagher, Birmingham, Pa., s. g. Dairyman; R. A. Simpson, Cleveland, O., b. g. Belmont; R. E. Clovert, Ashtabula, s. s. Bigaroon.

THE TROTTING RACES.

At two o'clock P. M. the horses that were in the unfinished trotting race of Thursday, to wit: Sodbue, Sorrel Dan, Harry V., and Sallie, were in their places to run, the latter having been called out. It will be remembered that Sodbue and Dan had two heats each, so that it only required one of them to take a heat to conclude the race. Sodbue was the fortunate one, he having won the winner of the heat and race in 2:37¾. The second premium was awarded to Sorrel Dan; Sallie was third, and Harry V. fourth.

The next race was between 2:28 horses. The first heat was taken by Huntress in 2:32¾. Another was run 21, Ohio Boy 3d, Black Mack 4th, and Independence and Annie Watson were distanced.

The second of the first heat Mr. Logan, the owner of Independence, appeared in the Judge's stand and said that the latter Tace, Black Mack entered his mare under a fictitious name. He said her true name was Virginia Maid, and she had been entered as Annie Collins.

Mr. Collins said he was going to trot in that race, no matter who the judges decided. He had been trotting her all summer under her present name, and he didn't know that she had any other.

A Judge—Very well, Mr. Collins, your mare can't go.

Collins—I will trot, and you can't prevent me from trotting.

Judge—All right, Mr. Watson, you may go in this race, but you go under protest.

The sequel shows that it made very little difference who her the Collins mare trotted or did not trot, as the judges decided enough to cause the slightest apprehension on the part of the gentlemen owning the opposing horses.

Huntress took the second heat in 2:32¾, Ohio Boy 2d, Black Mack 3d, and the Collins mare 4th.

When the horses were called out for the third heat Black Mack pulled out from the opposition. After waiting about fifteen minutes the judges started the other three horses, and declared Black Mack distanced. Huntress came in first in 2:32¾, which gave her the race. Ohio Boy came in 2d and the Collins mare 3d.

SUMMARY.

Aldin Goldsmith, b m. Huntress	1	1	1
R N Logan, b g. Independence	d.	0	0
B.S. Briggs, b g. Ohio Boy	3	2	2
John Watson, s m. Annie Watson	d.	0	0
S D Karns, bl g. Black Mack	4	3	d.
Thomas Collins, b. m. Annie	d.	d.	d.
Time	2:32	2:32¾	2:32¾

THE RUNNING RACE.

The running race, two mile heats, 2 in 3, was the most exciting event of the day. There was some trouble encountered by the handler of Tom Boston in getting the horse to start, fully three quarters of an hour having been spent in that work. But when he did get away he ran too well to be beaten by any horse on the track. He won the first heat in 3:45, and the second in 3:47¾, thus winning the race in two straight heats. Dairyman, the Birmingham horse, was also around the track and has not since been heard of. The following is

THE SUMMARY.

H. Blandy, s. c., Tom Boston	1	1	
R. E. Clovert, s. s., B garoon	2	3	
J. Hamilton, b. g., Dairyman	3	2	
J. Gallagher, s. g. Dairyman	d.	d.	

To-day at one o'clock P.M. there will be a trotting race between horses that have no record below 2:35, for a purse of eight hundred dollars.

A PRISONER'S SUICIDE.

A Man Hangs Himself in the Lawrenceville Lock-up—He Previously Attempts to Stab Himself—Family Troubles the Cause of his Arrest and Probably of his Death.

Elsewhere we give the particulars of the arrest of Jacob Stoltz for abusing his wife and also his felonious assault upon the arresting officer. As we stated, he was placed in the Lawrenceville lock-up, where, as we have since learned, he afterwards committed suicide.

We learn that at the time of the arrest of Stoltz, by officer Hoerr, after his unsuccessful attempt to stab that officer he tried to use the weapon on himself, in which attempt he managed to inflict three slight

WOUNDS UPON HIS BREAST

before the weapon could be taken from him. When he was taken to the station house, from officers fearing that he would make another attempt upon his life searched him, finding a razor in his possession which they took from him. He was then locked up and, there being no other prisoners in any of the cells, the officers went away, as it is not customary for officers to remain with the watch house during the day unless there are a good many prisoners in confinement. This was about half-past two o'clock.

About half past six o'clock Officer Costello, to whom it had been confided, entered the lock-up, and going back to the cell, discovered the body of the unfortunate Stoltz

SUSPENDED FROM THE BARS

stark naked, and rigid in death. The prisoner had taken a strap three-fourths of an inch in width and almost three feet in length, being the same which he had been shaving the end of it through the buckle attached to the other end, so as to form a noose, had put it over his neck, drawing it up as tight as possible. He had then drawn his person down in his cell, and nearly as high as he could, fastened the other end of the strap to one of the bars, but tight feet from the floor, and swung himself off. When found, one foot was on the bench and the other on one of the bars, while both hands grasped the bar above that. The fact was he wished he could easily have saved his life after he had swung off, but he evidently was

BENT ON SELF-DESTRUCTION.

When discovered he was quite cold, showing that he must have committed the deed soon after being confined.

Word was immediately telegraphed to Coroner West, but he was absent holding an inquest on the body of a man burned at Wilkins's mills, and would not come at the time.

The deceased was a German by birth, and by occupation a painter. He had been married twice, and had two or three children. He was about fifty years of age. For a long time he and his wife had lived unhappily, and he had on several occasions threatened to take his life. He had served two terms at the work house for abusing his wife. He resided on Thirty-seventh street (old Sycamore), off Penn in the Fifteenth ward.

RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERERS.

The Work of Yesterday.

The Trustees of the Fire Fund held their meeting at the Mayor's Office yesterday morning.

The Mayor reported that he had received $444 59 additional for the Northwestern Fund.

The entire subscription received thus far at the Mayor's Office amounts to $25,733 00, which is exclusive of what was placed in the hands of Mr. Pears, the Treasurer, and refers only to money sent to the subscriptions.

A communication from Wm. Thaw, Esq., was received with reference to the transportation of clothing.

On motion, adjourned.

The cash contributions at the Mayor's office yesterday were as follows:

Messrs. Reed, Philadelphia	$10 00
N. McClintock & Co. and employes	100 00
Pittsburgh Gas Co	300 00
West Alexandria Presbyterian Church	139 00
Mrs. E. N. Robb contributed a bundle of clothing.	

AID FOR CHICAGO METHODISTS.

The Methodist church in Chicago lost church property to the amount of $300,000. One entire congregation lost their entire homes and business, and almost every member of the church in the city suffered heavily, many losing all they had. They cannot save their property without help. To express sympathy with their suffering Brethren, and afford them aid, there will be a mass meeting at Christ Church on Tuesday evening of next week. Rev. Dr. Thomas, who witnessed the fire, and who is appointed to receive funds, will address the meeting. The friends of the cause are urged to attend.

LADIES' RELIEF COMMITTEE.

The Secretary of the Ladies' Relief Committee reports as follows:

Although the Ladies' Relief Association is only in the second week of its existence, we feel sure that we have reason to thank sympathies of the people, being always greeted with cheering words, and daily receiving more substantial evidences of their love. We are under renewed obligations to Mr. Joseph Horne for goods valued at $100. Also to Messrs. Candless & Co., and Sibray, Dickson, Albree & Son, to the agents of the House, the Weed the Stitch and Howe Sewing Machines, for the use of their sewing machines. Many persons passing through the city have had assistance from us, and without the kindness of Mr. Joseph King, patron of the best of flannel and muslin, 1,082 garments have been made, which cost $1,516.53. These were carefully packed in good boxes, which were all numbered. A list of the contents of each box was kept, and by referring to our books we can always tell what has been sent to any individual or place. Letters have been drawn from the public a familiar truth because it is unpleasant. Our books appeal still comes from all the burnt districts. The relief of these sufferers demands and deserves all our energy. Terrible as many are, from day to day, we can yet furnish occupation to the multitudes. Ladies, do not neglect duty or come for work.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGE STOWE.

The first case taken up was that of Cyrus Howard, charged with digging trenches in Penn avenue and leaving them in an exposed condition. Stewart Clark was the prosecutor. Howard is the contractor for the laying of the new pavement on Penn avenue beyond Butler street. He entered a plea of *nolle contendere*, which the Court took.

John Will, of the Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, pleaded guilty to seven indictments for illegal sales of liquor, and was fined $100 and costs. The defendant was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs on each indictment, the entire fine, with costs, amounting to $400.

Edward McGarr, also of the Fifth ward, was arraigned on a similar indictment. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty, the county to pay the costs.

Anton Wilbert and J. D. Hoerr were next arraigned on an indictment for forcible entry and detainer, on oath of Ger. McPherson. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and the costs equally divided between the prosecutor and defendants.

Oliver McClane was put on trial for larceny, on a charge of stealing one and one-half pounds of nutmegs, and four pounds of tobacco, from the cars of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad, at Gregg's crossing. Verdict of not guilty.

Court then adjourned.

Trial List for Monday.

Commonwealth vs.

E. L. Jones,	J. A. Hart.
Mary Blakley,	E. F. Maynard.
C. Dougherty,	Joseph Freuderick.
John Bradley,	Michael Mahoney.
L. Hart,	O. Oberley.
L. Brucker,	R. Arnshue.
Dennis Haggerty,	J. M. Shaughlin.
Thomas Mullen et al.	John Snyder.
James Henderson,	Henry Brown.
Flora De Hailey,	Hannah Clark.

All parties awaiting sentence must be in Court on Saturday at *nine* o'clock, otherwise attachments will be issued.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE KIRKPATRICK.

The case of Foster & Co. vs Joseph Lewry went to the jury yesterday afternoon, but no verdict has been returned up to the hour of adjournment.

Jury trials in this court have been suspended for two weeks. Jurors summoned, therefore, for the last Monday in October will not be required to answer until the second Monday in November.

COMMON PLEAS—JUDGE STOWE.

Snyder vs. Smith still on trial.

Jury trials in this court have also been suspended for two weeks.

SUPREME COURT—FULL BENCH.

Samuel T. Neill, of Crawford county, was on motion of R. B. Patterson, Esq., duly admitted and qualified to practice in this court.

Cross vs. Dunham, Indiana county. Argument continued by Blair for plaintiff in error, and by Weir and Clark, contra.

Dougherty vs. Stevenson, Armstrong county. Argued by Guthrie for plaintiff in error and by Golden contra.

Dicksain et al. vs. McCandless, Indiana. Argued by Thompson and Weir for plaintiff in error. Clark contra.

Lee et al. vs. Snupe, Westmoreland. Argued by Laird for plaintiff in error and Cowan contra.

Kuner et al. vs. Hall et al. Westmoreland. To be submitted if paper books be filed with the Judges on or before first Monday December next, otherwise judgment of non-suit to be entered.

Jenkins vs. Stewart Armstrong. Golden plaintiff in error. Boggs contra.

Johnson vs. Jackson et al. Cambria. Ordered to be submitted in paper books to be furnished.

Allegheny county cases will be taken up in this court Monday morning.

U. S. COURT—JUDGE M'CANDLESS.

Messrs. Guthrie and Sherman, Attorneys, filed the petition of Messrs. Isham & Co., doing business at Titusville, Pa., asked that R. B. Taylor, of the same place be declared a bankrupt. They also asked that an injunction be issued restraining certain execution creditors from selling property of the alleged bankrupts, petitioners setting that the judgments had been confessed, with a view of giving the creditors preference over others. The injunction was granted.

H. H. Horn, doing business as a distiller in Washington county, presented a petition asking to be adjudged a bankrupt. The petition sets forth that judgments had been obtained against him in the Washington county courts for various sums, and that he has been made upon his personal property by the Sheriff, and that the same would be sold on Saturday. He alleged that all the judgments were obtained within the last twenty days, and that plaintiffs were aware of his insolvent condition, but sought to take this unfair advantage of the other creditors. He therefore asked that an injunction be granted restraining the execution creditors from proceeding with the sale as advertised. The injunction as prayed for was granted.

On motion of A. Adams, Esq., James Evans, of Pittsburgh, and on motion of Baird Patterson, Esq., Samuel T. Neill, Esq., of Titusville, Pa., were duly sworn and admitted to practice in the United States Court.

POLICE NOTES.

Brief Mention of Criminalities Yesterday.

Hannah Henry, sued Patrick Dean before Alderman Shore, for disorderly conduct, alleging that he called her vile names. Fined one dollar and cost.

Before Alderman Taylor, Thomas E. Cunningham preferred a charge of larceny against George Cohen, alleging that there had been taken from the Pittsburgh Zouave Drum Corps a walnut snare drum factory hoop snare drum and deponent has reason to believe that the drum is in Cohen's possession. Warrant issued.

Henry Sabita charged Mrs. Kunkle with assault and battery. Alderman Taylor issued a warrant.

A young man named C. J. Martin was before Mayor Callow, charged on oath of Nicholas Durant, with the larceny of sixteen dollars and thirty-five cents. Durant alleges that on the 9th instant, while he was intoxicated, the defendant knocked him down and abstracted the money from his pocket. Martin stoutly denies the allegations, and says he will be able to establish his innocence. A further hearing in the case will be had.

BREVITIES.

CONCILS Monday.

No music in the Park this evening.

LAST evening felt slightly winterish.

MONEY has become scarce since the Chicago fire.

THE Cardiff Giant has got around to Kansas City.

SEVERAL important sales of lots take place to-day.

FECHTER, will play for the benefit of Chicago at Wallack's Theatre.

CONTRIBUTIONS for the Northwest and Chicago still continue to come in.

BARNEY WILLIAMS is still quite an invalid, and will pass the winter at Paris.

DR. SAMUEL G. HOWE, of Boston, has not gone to San Domingo, as was reported.

GENERAL NEGLEY is again in Washington attending to the river interest of Pittsburgh.

AGENTS for the different insurance companies are kept more than busy transferring policies.

MISS CUSHMAN is to be succeeded by Mr. John E. Owens at Booth's theatre on the 6th of November.

GEO. H. STUART, and Major-General Meade are in Chicago.

MISS PAULINE MARKHAM, is to make her début as an actress of legitimate drama in about a month.

GEORGE SAND is said to be occupied in writing the "Literary History of France," during the revolution of 1793.

THE stonework of the City Bank new home, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield street was finished yesterday.

GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND has gone to Salt Lake, and will write letters from there to the Chicago *Tribune*.

MR. DARWIN is engaged on a work in which the facial expression of animals will be one of the chief topics discussed.

WE noticed the Hon. Thomas Howard on the street yesterday. We are glad to learn he has almost entirely regained his health.

MR. A. Q. CASSELBERRY is out again among his friends, and attending to business. His recovery is a source of pleasure to all who know him.

THE different places of amusement in this city are not receiving that encouragement they should. Managers are complaining of light houses.

MISS EDNA DEAN PROCTOR, of Brooklyn, has in press "Poems of the Humble," descriptive of a tour of over a year performed by her in the Russian Empire.

MISS MIRIAM COLE, author of "Ratledge," "The Sutherlands," and other novels, has become Mrs. Sidney Harris, of New York, and will shortly appear in print with a new story entitled "Richard Vandermark."

IF the Board of Health don't soon awaken up to their duty, the people will take the naughty question in hand themselves. They have the power to make every man, woman and child in the city submit to vaccination. Why don't they do it?

JOE JEFFERSON, the great impersonator of *Rip Van Winkle*, and eminent tragedian, is exclusive of what was placed in the hands of Mr. Pears, the Treasurer, and refers only to money sent to the subscriptions.

A communication from Wm. Thaw, Esq., was received with reference to the transportation of clothing.

On motion, adjourned.

The cash contributions at the Mayor's office yesterday were as follows:

Messrs. Reed, Philadelphia	$10 00
N. McClintock & Co. and employes	100 00
Pittsburgh Gas Co	300 00
West Alexandria Presbyterian Church	139 00
Mrs. E. N. Robb contributed a bundle of clothing.	

AID FOR CHICAGO METHODISTS.

The Methodist church in Chicago lost church property to the amount of over $300,000. One entire congregation lost their entire homes and business, and almost every member of the church in the city suffered heavily, many losing all they had. They cannot save their property without help. To express sympathy with their suffering Brethren, and afford them aid, there will be a mass meeting at Christ Church on Tuesday evening of next week. Rev. Dr. Thomas, who witnessed the fire, and who is appointed to receive funds, will address the meeting. The friends of the cause are urged to attend.

LADIES' RELIEF COMMITTEE.

The Secretary of the Ladies' Relief Committee reports as follows:

Although the Ladies' Relief Association is only in the second week of its existence, we feel sure that we have reason to thank sympathies of the people, being always greeted with cheering words, and daily receiving more substantial evidences of their love. We are under renewed obligations to Mr. Joseph Horne for goods valued at $100. Also to Messrs. Candless & Co., and Sibray, Dickson, Albree & Son, to the agents of the House, the Weed the Stitch and Howe Sewing Machines, for the use of their sewing machines. Many persons passing through the city have had assistance from us, and without the kindness of Mr. Joseph King, patron of the best of flannel and muslin, 1,082 garments have been made, which cost $1,516.53. These were carefully packed in good boxes, which were all numbered. A list of the contents of each box was kept, and by referring to our books we can always tell what has been sent to any individual or place. Letters have been drawn from the public a familiar truth because it is unpleasant. Our books appeal still comes from all the burnt districts. The relief of these sufferers demands and deserves all our energy. Terrible as many are, from day to day, we can yet furnish occupation to the multitudes. Ladies, do not neglect duty or come for work.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGE STOWE.

The first case taken up was that of Cyrus Howard, charged with digging trenches in Penn avenue and leaving them in an exposed condition. Stewart Clark was the prosecutor. Howard is the contractor for the laying of the new pavement on Penn avenue beyond Butler street. He entered a plea of *nolle contendere*, which the Court took.

John Will, of the Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, pleaded guilty to seven indictments for illegal sales of liquor, and was fined $100 and costs. The defendant was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs on each indictment, the entire fine, with costs, amounting to $400.

Edward McGarr, also of the Fifth ward, was arraigned on a similar indictment. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty, the county to pay the costs.

Anton Wilbert and J. D. Hoerr were next arraigned on an indictment for forcible entry and detainer, on oath of Ger. McPherson. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and the costs equally divided between the prosecutor and defendants.

Oliver McClane was put on trial for larceny, on a charge of stealing one and one-half pounds of nutmegs, and four pounds of tobacco, from the cars of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad, at Gregg's crossing. Verdict of not guilty.

Court then adjourned.

Trial List for Monday.

Commonwealth vs.

E. L. Jones,	J. A. Hart.
Mary Blakley,	E. F. Maynard.
C. Dougherty,	Joseph Freuderick.
John Bradley,	Michael Mahoney.
L. Hart,	O. Oberley.
L. Brucker,	R. Arnshue.
Dennis Haggerty,	J. M. Shaughlin.
Thomas Mullen et al.	John Snyder.
James Henderson,	Henry Brown.
Flora De Hailey,	Hannah Clark.

All parties awaiting sentence must be in Court on Saturday at *nine* o'clock, otherwise attachments will be issued.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE KIRKPATRICK.

The case of Foster & Co. vs Joseph Lewry went to the jury yesterday afternoon, but no verdict has been returned up to the hour of adjournment.

Jury trials in this court have been suspended for two weeks. Jurors summoned, therefore, for the last Monday in October will not be required to answer until the second Monday in November.

COMMON PLEAS—JUDGE STOWE.

Snyder vs. Smith still on trial.

Jury trials in this court have also been suspended for two weeks.

SUPREME COURT—FULL BENCH.

Samuel T. Neill, of Crawford county, was on motion of R. B. Patterson, Esq., duly admitted and qualified to practice in this court.

Cross vs. Dunham, Indiana county. Argument continued by Blair for plaintiff in error, and by Weir and Clark, contra.

Dougherty vs. Stevenson, Armstrong county. Argued by Guthrie for plaintiff in error and by Golden contra.

Dicksain et al. vs. McCandless, Indiana. Argued by Thompson and Weir for plaintiff in error. Clark contra.

Lee et al. vs. Snupe, Westmoreland. Argued by Laird for plaintiff in error and Cowan contra.

Kuner et al. vs. Hall et al. Westmoreland. To be submitted if paper books be furnished to the Judges on or before first Monday December next, otherwise judgment of non-suit to be entered.

Jenkins vs. Stewart Armstrong. Golden plaintiff in error. Boggs contra.

Johnson vs. Jackson et al. Cambria. Ordered to be submitted in paper books to be furnished.

Allegheny county cases will be taken up in this court Monday morning.

U. S. COURT—JUDGE M'CANDLESS.

Messrs. Guthrie and Sherman, Attorneys, filed the petition of Messrs. Isham & Co., doing business at Titusville, Pa., asked that R. B. Taylor, of the same place be declared a bankrupt. They also asked that an injunction be issued restraining certain execution creditors from selling property of the alleged bankrupts, petitioners setting that the judgments had been confessed, with a view of giving the creditors preference over others. The injunction was granted.

H. H. Horn, doing business as a distiller in Washington county, presented a petition asking to be adjudged a bankrupt. The petition sets forth that judgments had been obtained against him in the Washington county courts for various sums, and that he has been made upon his personal property by the Sheriff, and that the same would be sold on Saturday. He alleged that all the judgments were obtained within the last twenty days, and that plaintiffs were aware of his insolvent condition, but sought to take this unfair advantage of the other creditors. He therefore asked that an injunction be granted restraining the execution creditors from proceeding with the sale as advertised. The injunction as prayed for was granted.

On motion of A. Adams, Esq., James Evans, of Pittsburgh, and on motion of Baird Patterson, Esq., Samuel T. Neill, Esq., of Titusville, Pa., were duly sworn and admitted to practice in the United States Court.

POLICE NOTES.

Brief Mention of Criminalities Yesterday.

Hannah Henry, sued Patrick Dean before Alderman Shore, for disorderly conduct, alleging that he called her vile names. Fined one dollar and cost.

Before Alderman Taylor, Thomas E. Cunningham preferred a charge of larceny against George Cohen, alleging that there had been taken from the Pittsburgh Zouave Drum Corps a walnut snare drum factory hoop snare drum and deponent has reason to believe that the drum is in Cohen's possession. Warrant issued.

Henry Sabita charged Mrs. Kunkle with assault and battery. Alderman Taylor issued a warrant.

A young man named C. J. Martin was before Mayor Callow, charged on oath of Nicholas Durant, with the larceny of sixteen dollars and thirty-five cents. Durant alleges that on the 9th instant, while he was intoxicated, the defendant knocked him down and abstracted the money from his pocket. Martin stoutly denies the allegations, and says he will be able to establish his innocence. A further hearing in the case will be had.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Personal and Otherwise.

REV. VAN DEMARK lectures on "The Quack Frog" to-morrow evening.

REV. DR. J. C. PERSHING "dedicates" a new M. E. Church, at Sandusville, Ohio, to-morrow.

REV. J. D. KNOX, formerly of this city is President of the "Capital Bank" of Topeka, Kansas.

REV. W. CAMPBELL has accepted a call to the pastorage of the Presbyterian Church of Monongahela City.

A COLLECTION in Elizabeth M. E. Church, for the benefit of the Northwestern sufferers netted $75, last Sunday.

REV. R. MORTON has declined the call to the Presbyterian Church, North Strabane township, Washington county.

A "REVIVAL Meeting" has been going on for the past week in the Butler street church, Rev. S. M. Hickman, pastor.

REV. J. A. SNODGRASS will preach in the Baptist Church, Washington, Pa., next Sabbath, October 29, at 11 o'clock.

PROF. SYLVESTER, the world famous magician, is in the city making arrangements for a season of his unapproachable entertainments.

The contribution for the Relief of the Chicago sufferers, taken up in the Methodist Episcopal Church (Rev. Joseph King, pastor) netted $224 50.

REV. S. S. GIBSON, now pastor of a Presbyterian congregation in Bowling Green, Ky., was in the city yesterday on a brief visit to his friends.

ELDER BENEDICT will commence a series of sermons in the Christian church, Washington, Pa., next Friday evening. The public are cordially invited to attend

REV. DR. JOHN R. DUNDAS, has been appointed Assistant Secretary of the American Tract Society for Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Northeastern Ohio.

REV. DR. J. T. COOPER, Professor of Didactic Theology in the U. P. Seminary, Allegheny, will fill the pulpit in the Second U. P. Church, next Sab. Rev. Dr. J. R. Clark's to-morrow.

REV. JOSEPH KING, pastor of the First Christian Church, Allegheny, has returned from the General American Christian Missionary Convention, lately held at Cincinnati, and will preach in his own pulpit to-morrow morning and evening.

THE REV. DR. EGAR, Rector of St. Peter's Episcopal Church of this city, has been ch sen to a professorship in the Nebraska College, Neb. He has signified his intention to accept the same, and will resign his present charge in January.

ARRANGEMENTS are now being made for a grand mass meeting of the M. E. Churches of this city and vicinity, to be held at Christ Church next Thursday evening, in aid of the Methodist Churches in Chicago, whose houses of worship were destroyed by the fire.

HON. FELIX R. Brunot will deliver an address this evening, before the Young Men's Christian Association, on "Indian Affairs." Mr. Brunot is now acting Secretary of the Indian Bureau, and his personal acquaintance with the subject by actual experience among the aborigines, cannot but make his remarks full of interest.

REV. JOHN T. GRACEY, A. M., late a missionary to India, will deliver three lectures, descriptive of his experience in that country, in the Second U. P. Foreign Missionary Society